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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXVIII NO. 178 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, JULY 26, 1940 PRICE: ONE ANNA

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Italian Plan To Annex Palestine

Pressure On Vatican For A Papal Empire

SOLUTION FOR JEWISH PROBLEM

New Dispersals To Sparsely Populated Territories

LONDON, July 25.

According to reports reaching the Jewish Telegraphic Agency, a campaign has been launched in the Italian press suggesting that the inclusion of Palestine in the Italian Empire is one of Italy's war aims.

PLAN FOR PALESTINE

The Italian Government is reported to be seeking to induce the Vatican to demand "a Catholic Holy Land."

The "Tribuna" publishes a detailed plan for the administration of Palestine after the war on lines similar to Albania.

FATE OF JEWS

The newspaper proposes that the Jews shall be evacuated from Palestine in a mass and says that the Jewish problem can only be solved by new dispersals of Jews to sparsely populated territories.—Reuter.

Proposal For Congress Ultimatum To Britain

WORKING COMMITTEE REVIEWS SITUATION

Move To Withdraw Delhi Offer In View Of Britain's Failure To Respond To Demand

POONA, July 25.

THE Congress Working Committee held a preliminary discussion to-day when the programme for the A. I. C. C, was considered.

OFFICIAL BUSINESS FOR A. I. C. C.

Talks in the Congress Camp indicate that the Delhi resolution of the Working Committee will be the main official business before the All-India Congress Committee for endorsement. But it is felt that the decision taken by the Working Committee at its last Wardha Meeting, that as far as external aggression and internal security is concerned the Congress cannot adhere to the policy of non-violence, will come up for discussion either as a private resolution or as an amendment to the Delhi resolution.

The Committee meets again at 5 to-morrow morning.—A.P.

Working Committee Meets

The Congress Working Committee met here this evening to review the political situation as it has developed since its last meeting in Delhi early this month and to fix up the procedure for the meeting of the All-India Congress Committee.

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad presided over the meeting which was attended by the following members and invitees:—Babu Rajendra Prasad, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Mr. Rajagopalachari, Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, Seth Jamnalal Bajaj, Acharya Kripalani, Shankarrao Deo, Dr. Prafulla Chandra Ghose, Mr. Asaf Ali, Dr. Pattabhi Seetaramayya, Mrs. Vijayalaxmi Pandit and Mr. Achut Patwardhan.

Pandit Govind Vallabh Pant is not attending the meeting while it is not yet known whether Dr. Syed Mahmud is coming. Acharya Narendra Deo and Sjt. Harikrishna Mehtab are expected to arrive this evening.

The Committee will also consider the situation arising out of the action of Pandit Godavari Das Misra.—A. P.

MAIN FEATURES OF SITUATION

The Congress Working Committee spent a considerable time at its first meeting to-day discussing the situation in the light of the important developments that have taken place as a result of the decisions of the Committee during its last two meetings.

The main features of this situation are:

(1) The Committee's Wardha statement of June last declaring that the people are not sufficiently imbued with the spirit of non-violence to enable the Congress to undertake the responsibility of meeting external aggression and internal disorder with non-violence and its consequent decision to absolve Mahatma Gandhi of responsibility in directing Congress policy in these matters.

(2) The Delhi resolution of the Working Committee on which it has been subsequently revealed by Mahatma Gandhi himself

(Continued on page 7, col. 5)

FOOD FAMINE IN ITALY

Four Meatless Days In Week: Meagre Supply Of Bread

BERLIN, July 25.

From the beginning of August, Tuesday will be a meatless day in Italy according to a German News Agency message from Rome.

It is noted that Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays are already meatless days.

Bread in restaurants will be restricted to five and a quarter ounces per person.—Reuter.

WHEAT FOR SPAIN

LONDON, July 25.

It is officially announced in London that an exchange of Notes was signed on July 24 between the Portuguese, Spanish and British Governments regarding the acquisition by Spain of wheat for her own use and of Portuguese colonial products. To facilitate payments for the latter Britain has agreed that purchases to the value of 600,000 sterling can be paid through the Anglo-Spanish clearing.—Reuter.

Nazi Broadcasts Banned For Germans!

LONDON, July 25.

German public have been forbidden to listen to German broadcasts from transmitting stations in German occupied territories and controlled by German authorities, according to the Dutch "Anep" News Agency. Severe penalties, including imprisonment, are threatened against violation of this new order, the Agency adds.—Reuter.

FOOD FOR PARIS CHILDREN

BERNE, July 25.

On the instructions of the American Red Cross, several truck loads of condensed milk, cheese and other nourishing foodstuffs left Basle for Paris, where they will be distributed to children.—Reuter.

TURKO-GERMAN TRADE PACT

In Complete Harmony With Ankara's Political Undertakings

ANKARA, July 25.

A trade agreement was signed to-day between Turkey and Germany and provides for the exchanges of goods to the value of 21 million Turkish pounds.

It is pointed out in London that the Ankara agreement is in complete harmony with the political undertakings of the Turkish Government which do not exclude trade relations with Germany.—Reuter.

Amery Does Not Believe Situation In India Is Serious Enough

Discussion Of Some Sort May Be Held If Desired, He Tells Commons

LONDON, July 25.

IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS MR. L. S. AMERY SAID IN REPLY TO MR. SORENSEN THAT HE HAD NO STATEMENT TO MAKE AT PRESENT RESPECTING THE POLITICAL SITUATION IN INDIA.

DEBATE IN COMMONS

MR. SORENSEN ASKED FURTHER IF THERE WOULD BE A STATEMENT AT AN EARLY DATE IN VIEW OF THE INCREASINGLY SERIOUS SITUATION IN INDIA AND WAS THERE LIKELY TO BE A DISCUSSION ON THIS IMPORTANT MATTER AT AN EARLY DATE.

Not So Serious!

Mr. Amery replied that he had no doubt that if it were desired, there would be a discussion of some kind on Indian affairs, but he was not prepared to admit that the Indian situation was as serious as Mr. Sorensen suggested.—Reuter.

Oil For Spain Stopped

WASHINGTON, July 25.

Mr. Morgenthau declared that two shipments of oil to Spain were stopped because the cargoes appeared to be destined for Germany and Italy. He declared that the action had no relation with reports that Britain is trying to prevent oil reaching Germany through Spain.—Reuter.

NAZIS LOST 7 DESTROYERS IN BATTLE OF NARVIK

LONDON, July 25.

The following seven large destroyers were sunk in the second battle of Narvik, it is revealed by the Admiralty to-night. *Dieher-vonroder, Hans Ludemann, Wolfgang Zenker, Bernd von Arnim, Erich Koellner, Herman Kunne* and *Erich Giese.*

At least 2,000 German sailors were killed. In the first battle of Narvik, *Anton Schmidt* and *Wilhelm Heidkamp* were sunk.—Reuter.

TEN JAPANESE BOMBERS BROUGHT DOWN

CHUNGKING, July 25.

Chinese fighter planes are believed to have shot down more than ten of 36 Japanese bombers which raided Chengtu yesterday, The American Baptist Mission was hit and destroyed.

Haifa Bombed

HAIFA, July 24.

Enemy aircraft bombed the town in the morning for the second time. There was some damage and a few casualties.—Reuter.

Hundred Casualties At Haifa

CAIRO, July 25.

There were about a hundred civilian casualties in yesterday's air raid on Haifa, according to to-day's war communique. The communique says that in Palestine yesterday, enemy aircraft raided Haifa early in the morning. Several thousand tins of kerosene and lubricating oil were set on fire but the fire was brought under control and prevented from spreading by early afternoon. Civilian casualties were 100 but there were no military casualties. —Reuter.

GERMAN REPRISALS

Dutch Officials Sent To Concentration Camp

BERLIN, July 25.

A News Agency despatch from The Hague states that several hundred Dutch colonial officials on leave, both men and women have been sent to a concentration camp because of alleged illtreatment of German subjects in Dutch colonies.

The Hague despatch accuses the Netherlands East Indies authorities with ill-treating Germans and thrusting them in the quarantine camp used for Mecca pilgrims and alleges that their medical needs were provided by three Jewish doctors, who were also interned.

The despatch declares that the Dutch interned by Germans will be treated in the same way as the German internees and remain interned until the Germans are released and allowed to pursue their ordinary occupations without interference.—Reuter.

NAZI TORPEDO BOAT SINKS FRENCH SHIP

LONDON, July 25.

Mr. A. V. Alexander, First Lord of the Admiralty, announced that the French ship "Meknes" which is one of the number used in the repatriation of French Naval Officers and men, was sunk last night by an enemy torpedo.

There were nearly 1,300 officers and men abroad and the boat was flying the French Flag and had French Colours painted on the deck and sides and was fully illuminated.

SUNK BY TORPEDO BOAT

Mr. Alexander said that the French Government's representative had been informed in advance of the intention to repatriate these men and the vessel left for Marseilles. According to reports so far received she was stopped by a motor torpedo boat which fired upon her without warning at about half past nine last night.

Apparently the passengers and crew were given five minutes to take to the boats, but during the interval the torpedo boat fired a fresh burst every time she tried to signal her name. She was then torpedoed and sank in four or five minutes.

BERLIN CONFIRMS IT

Continuing Mr. Alexander said: "I have just heard that the German High Command admit the responsibility for this sinking, for their 'communique' to-day says that in an attack off the South Coast of England 'one of our speed boats sank a large merchantship of 18,000 tons by torpedo.'

Immediately on receiving the ship's distress signal orders were given to proceed at once to the scene and I am happy to say that so far 1,000 survivors are reported to have been rescued.

It is too early as yet to tell for certain how many French lives have been lost in this deliberate and callous attack on a ship whose non-belligerent character was so obvious. I fear however that the number of deaths may be as many as 300.

NAZI METHODS

I am sure that the House will wish me to express deep sympathy with the dependents of any who may have fallen victims to the latest example of German methods of conducting war at sea (sympathetic cheers).

Mr. Davison (Labour) asked Major Attlee: "Will every step be taken by the War Cabinet to see that the French people are fully informed of this outrage?"

Major Attlee: "Certainly."

The "Meknes" was a vessel of 6,127 tons built in 1913 and registered at Havre.—Reuter.

A NAZI RUSE

SHANGHAI, July 25.

The British Embassy denies German reports that "the British Far Eastern Fleet" has left Singapore for the Mediterranean or the East African Coast. It is suggested that the reports are being spread in an effort to extract information, but the British authorities refuse to be drawn by such an obvious ruse.—Reuter.

The Hindu Maha Sabha Executive will meet at Nagpur on August 10 in view of the deaths of Dr. Hedgewar and Mr. Jagannath Prasad Verma.—United Press.

Japanese-American Clash At Tsengtao

SHANGHAI, July 25.

Serious incidents between the United States' sailors and the Japanese occurred at Tsengtao during the weekend.

The situation assumed such proportions that the Americans had their shore leave cancelled until yesterday.

A serious view is taken by both sides and negotiations are proceeding.—Reuter.

DEFENCE ACT AT WORK

BOMBAY, July 25.

Mr. P. Jeevanandan, a Congress Socialist of Madras and ex-member of the A. I. C. C. who was detained in Bombay under Rule 129 of the Defence of India Rules was taken to Madras this afternoon by the Madras Express under police escort.

Mr. Jeevanandan was externed from the Madras Presidency and Pondicherry sometime ago. The order externing him from the Madras Presidency has now been cancelled.—United Press.

Newspaper Hawker Arrested

LAHORE, July 25.

A newspaper Hawker has been arrested under the Defence of India Rules on a charge of shouting alarming news.

It is stated that the Hawker was selling a supplementary newspaper called "Jangi Zamiman" (war supplement) when the arrest was made.—A. P.

Security Demand On Baluchi Press

QUETTA, July 25.

A security of Rs. 2,000 has been demanded by the Baluchistan Government from Khan Abdul Samadkhan, Keeper of the Aziz Press, for the publication of three articles, two of which were published in the 'Istiqlal' a Weekly newspaper, and the third in a pamphlet which was subsequently banned by the Baluchistan Government.

The 'Istiqlal' was the first newspaper published in Baluchistan after the earthquake of 1935 and as the organ of the Anjuman-i-Watan, a national political organisation.—A. P.

Search At 'Forward Bloc' Office

CALCUTTA, July 25.

The offices of the "Forward Bloc" weekly and the Popular Printing Works where the paper is printed were searched by police this afternoon. Two bills are reported to have been seized from the Forward Bloc office.—United Press.

(SEE PAGE 9)

STOP PRESS

RUMANIAN MINISTERS RECEIVED BY HITLER

ROME, July 25.

The Rome Radio states that the Rumanian Ministers M. Gigurtu and M. Manoilescu have arrived in Salzburg where Hitler and Count Ciano received them.—Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

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STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management, Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted an L.C.P. & S. with special experience in Bacteriology. Apply to:—The Chief Medical Officer, Calico Mills Hospital, Ahmedabad. (13476)

Wanted 6 Doctors, 8 Elec. & Mech. Engineers, 5 Lawyers, 8 Overseers & 6 Graduates, apply No. 13471, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted trained women graduate and Drawing Teachers. State special subjects, experience, service terms, President, Education Society, Broach. (13472)

Wanted—Matrics, Non-Matrics for sub-offices establishments in Bombay Presidency. Apply to Indo Finance and Transportation Corporation, Delhi. (13472)

Wanted—Matriculates and Graduates for clerical and higher appointments in branch offices throughout India. Apply with stamp, The Garcons Syndicate, Ajmeri Gate, Delhi. (13470)

Wanted a rapid, accurate Stenotypist for 2 hours daily from 11 to 1 P.M. South Indian preferred. Apply with salary required Post Box 3060, Bombay. 3. (13456)

Wanted applications from matriculates for the course of Stationmaster, Asst. Stationmaster and Signaller, Rs. 30/- as scholarship and Railway fare Terms. Nonmatrics can also apply for the lower posts. Apply with 2 annas stamps to the Director, All-India Railway Routine Training Institute, Delhi. (13439)

62. TO BE LET

Attractive Airy Five Rooms Blocks Overlooking City, Newly Renovated, available to all at Rs. 50/- p.m. At "Summit" Forjett Hill Road, Bombay. Apply Bhaiyya or Phone 20927. (3037)

245. ASTROLOGERS.

If you are Worried or desire Success, Consult Prof. Nazir. God gifted and world renowned Spiritualist, Palmist and Astrologer at Bombay Mutual Building, Room 56, Hornby Road, Bombay. (13405)

651. MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Collection of Rare B. Colonial Stamps Catalogue £350, Clearance Rs. 120. Apply Box 13449, "Bombay Chronicle", for Inspection.

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Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE GENERAL MANAGER, Bombay, invites tenders for the supply of Locomotive Boilers DS 13 type for D.4 engines and HS 12 type for H.4 engines. The prescribed form of tender can be obtained from the Railway's Controller of Stores, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13 at Rs. 5/- per copy which amount will not be refunded. Payment by cheques, postal orders and postage stamps will not be accepted. Closing date 21st January 1941 at 3 P.M. (S. T.). (2930)

SECRETARY, PUNJAB AND N. W. F. P. JOINT PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, LAHORE

INVITES APPLICATIONS, from Muslims only, not later than 12th August, 1940, on prescribed form (obtainable free) accompanied by treasury or money order receipt for Rs. 5/-, for a temporary (up to 31st March, 1941 for the present, but likely to be extended) post of HEAD SURVEY OFFICER in the Punjab Industries Department. Candidates must be British subjects. Age preferably not above 45 years (relaxable in favour of Government servants). Qualifications:—(a) Preferably an M. A. in Economics of an Indian University or B.Com. of the London University, (b) some practical experience of economic surveys, and (c) exceptional command over English language to write and edit survey reports. Pay:—Rs. 500-25-600 per mensem. Government servants eligible. Further particulars on application. (3005)

Legal Notices

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that ABDULALI EBRAHIMJI RANGWALA, of Bombay Bohra Mahomedan inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client free from incumbrances.

THAT any person having any claim, right, title, or interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, charge, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 36, Tamarind Lane, Tamarind House, Fort, Bombay and to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes, within FOURTEEN DAYS from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same if any will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of land or ground with messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate at Dhabu Street, outside the Fort of Bombay in the Island of Bombay and in the Registration District and Sub-District of Bombay, admeasuring 160 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of land Revenue under New Survey No. 4463 C. S. No. 4266 of Bhuleshwar Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Bombay Municipality under C Ward No. 6889, Street No. 11 and bounded as follows that is to say, on the North by the property of Alibhai, on or towards the East by public passage, on the south by property of Essabhai Ebrahim and on the West by Dhabu Street.

Bombay dated this 25th day of July, 1940.

GHULAMALI NOORANI & CO., Purchasers Attorneys. 3036

336. BUSINESSES FOR SALE.

Dispensary for sale, completely fitted. Apply Box No. 13465 "Bombay Chronicle."

Flourishing South Indian type non-vegetarian lunch home with permanent clientele in Fort—Only genuine buyers need apply Box 13466, "Bombay Chronicle."

Legal Notices

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN that HAJI ISMAIL HAJI ABDULLA has contracted to sell to our client AYESHABAI, daughter of Haji Abdulla Haji Mahomed the undermentioned property and that all persons having any right, title, interest, claim or demand into or upon the said lands, hereditaments and premises or any part thereof by way of inheritance, gift, bequest, charge, mortgage, sale, lease, lien or otherwise howsoever are hereby required within 14 days from the date hereof to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office within the Fort at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay and that otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to such claim if any and the same will be considered as having been waived and Void.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO:—

All that piece or parcel of Quit and Ground Rent land or ground with the messuage tenements or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being to the East by Syed Abdul Rehman Street, commonly called Khatri Moholla outside the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 151 8/9 square yards but by actual measurement 141 sq. yards or thereabouts and registered under Collector's New Nos. 7195, 7196 and New Survey Nos. 1978, 1979 and Cadastral Survey No. 14 of the Mandvi Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B Ward No. 27 Street No. 293-293A, Abdul Rehman Street and bounded on the East by a sweeper's passage, on the West by the said Syed Abdul Rehman Street, on the North by the house of Haji Esmail Moloo and on the South by the property of Haji Jusab Haji Suleman Trust.

Dated this 25th day of July, 1940.

TYABJI DAYABHAI & CO., Purchaser's Attorneys. (3035)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that TULSIDAS RAMRAO VIJAYAKAR, GOVINDRAO RAMRAO VIJAYAKAR and KESHAVRAO RAMRAO VIJAYAKAR, all of Malad Hindu Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

ALL persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Surya Mahal, 5, Military Square Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of khoti land or ground together with the Bungalow, well, a privy and mango trees standing thereon situate at Malad Taluka Salsette, District Thana, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, known as Dhep No. 13 and assessment whereof is Rs. 1-1-9, containing by admeasurement about 760 (seven hundred and sixty) square yards or thereabout more or less the said bungalow bearing Notified Area Committee Old No. 66 and New No. 70 and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of the Vendors; on or towards the West by the Bandra, Ghod Bunder Road; on or towards the South by the property of Ismail Datu and on or towards the North partly by the property of Marwadi Lachhiram Chudiwala.

Dated this 25th day of July, 1940.

MANSUKHLAL HIRALAL & Co., Purchaser's Attorneys. (3034)

The Picture that has Become a Cradle of Your Emotions!
NATIONAL STUDIOS'
"WOMAN"
Starring:
SURENDRA, SARDAR AKHTAR & YAKUB
Director: MEHBOOB
12th WEEK AT
PATHE
2-30, 6-30 & 10-0 p. m.

Legal Notices

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that at the Auction Sale held on the 21st July, 1940, under instructions from the Mortgagees Bilasrai Joharmal and Brijlal Ramjidas and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagors (1) FRANCIES SEBASTIAN GIGOOL, (2) LEO FRANCIES GIGOOL, (3) ANNA FRANCIES GIGOOL, (4) LUZZIA MAGRATTA GIGOOL, and (5) FRANCIES F. GIGOOL, Mr. Durgadutt Motiram has contracted to purchase the undermentioned properties. Any person having any claim or claims or interest in or to the said properties by way of sale, mortgage, charge, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance lease or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 31, Nanabhoy Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof; otherwise the purchase will be completed without any regard to any such claim or claims and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO:

PROPERTIES ACCORDING TO THE COLLECTOR'S RECORDS.

ALL those pieces or parcels of land together with the structures standing thereon, situate at Khar (Bandra) in the Bombay Suburban District in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra and bearing numbers and areas as follows:—

Survey No.	Old Pot No.	Present Hissa No.	Area Acres Gunthas.
212	3, 8, 9 & 10	7	21-1/2
212	4	5	5-3/4
213	9	5	4--1/2
213	6	7	4-3/4
213	9	10	16-1/2
214	5 (part)	7	6-1/2
215	4	3	3-1/4
(N. A. 9 (Gaothan Land.			(122 Sq. Yds. (786 Sq. Yds.

Dated this 25th day of July, 1940.

MOTICHAND & DEVIDAS, Purchaser's Attorneys. 3038

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF OFFICE FURNITURE, ETC.

Under instructions from the Official Liquidator of the Hyderabad Pioneer Assurance Co., Ltd. (in liquidation) Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by public auction TO-DAY (FRIDAY) the 26th July, at 3 P.M. (S. T.) at their Rooms, office furniture comprising of writing tables with drawers, revolving and tilting chairs, round back office chairs, cupboards, Godrej cash box and file cabinet, bench, counter, railings, clocks, partitions, lot printed matter signboards etc.

BENNETT & Co.

The Versatile Screen-Genius
MAYA BANERJEE
with a STAR-Team
FEATURES IN THE University-Classic
"ANURADHA"
"ANURADHA"
Gala Premiere NEXT WEEK
on TILAK-DAY
At the MAJESTIC
It's Circo-Royal Jewel

EVERY WOMAN'S Secret Desire
HER
SAUBHAGYA
that is HINDUSTAN'S Provocative Social
Now in 5th Week at
ROXY
Daily: 4, 7 & 8-45 p.m.

THE CAPITOL TO-DAY at 10 p. m.
Under the Patronage of H. E. The GOVERNOR of Bombay
FOR THE WAR FUND
BOMBAY AMATEUR PLAYERS will present
"DAUGHTER OF IND"
A Delightful Indian Play by S. FYZEE RAHAMIN
interspersed with MUSIC & DANCE
Prices: Rs. 5, Rs. 3 & Rs. 2
Other Performances:
Sat. July 27 At 10 p. m.
Sun. July 28 At 6-30 p.m.
Mon. July 29 At 6-30 p. m.
PRICES: Rs. 5-12; 3-6; 2-4 & 1-2.
Plans Open At
ROSE'S — CAPITOL

POSITIVELY FOR THE LAST TIME TO-DAY
at 4, 6-45 & 9-45 p.m.
ROYAL RELEASE NO. 11
LAXMI
With
KUMAR & MAYA BANERJI
FROM TO-MORROW.
THE MISSING BRIDEGROOM.
DISOWNS HIS BRIDE.
AND YET THEY ARE MARRIED!!
WHY? HOW? SEE
SAGAR'S
SENSATIONAL NEW SOCIAL
CIVIL MARRIAGE
WITH
Miss SNEHLATA PRADHAN
(THE SOCIETY STAR)
PRABHA. HARISH, ARUN ETC.
FROM TO-MORROW AT
CHITRA
(Vincent Road. DADAR.)

SOCIETY
Cast her away ----
..... Not for her fault
..... Not for his.... ?
He wanted to make amends to reinstate her in Society
SEE
the interesting developments in SINDHU'S MAIDEN SOCIAL THRILLER
(Produced at the CIRCO Studios)
AJ-ki-DUNIA
Directed by G. P. POWAR
Featuring:
ASHALATA — TRILOK KAPUR— JIVAN—VATSALA KUMTEKAR— GULAB & S. NAZIR.
AN EVERGREEN CIRCO RELEASE.
Now showing from FRIDAY At
SUPER CINEMA
Fri., Sat. & Sun. Matinee at 1-45 p.m.
Daily, 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.
Zenana Show on Wednesday at 1 p.m.

CAPITOL
TO-DAY at 3-30 & 6 p. m.
STAN LAUREL OLIVER HARDY
in RKO-RADIO'S
"FLYING DEUCES"
From TO-MORROW
"RULERS OF THE SEA"
with DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS, (Jr.)
MARGARET LOCKWOOD
Morning Show:
"BORN TO DANCE"
with ELEANOR POWELL

TRAVANCORE BANK CASE

Certificate To Appeal To Privy Council Granted

(Before the Hon. the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Wassoodew)

The State-Aided Bank of Travancore Ltd. ..... Appellants (Original Defendants)

Versus

Dhrit Ram ..... Respondent (Original Plaintiff)

This was an Application for Certificate for leave to appeal to the Privy Council under Order 45 Rule 3 of the Code of Civil Procedure against the decision of the Court of Appeal consisting of the Hon. the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Kania confirming the judgment of the trial judge Mr. Justice B. J. Wadia decreeing the plaintiff's suit.

The plaintiff had deposited two amounts of Rs. 11,000 and Rs. 4,000 respectively by way of fixed deposits with the Defendant-Bank. As per their arrangement, the plaintiff paid those amounts into the account of the Defendant-Bank with the National City Bank of New York in Bombay. The Defendant-Bank thereafter came into difficulties and a scheme of arrangement among its creditors was sanctioned by the Courts of Alleppey & Cochin. The plaintiff was a dissenting creditor to the said scheme and filed the present suit in Bombay to recover the amounts of his deposits. On behalf of the Defendant-Bank it was contended that the Bombay High Court had no jurisdiction to try this suit since the contract was made and to be performed at Alleppey in Travancore State and that the above scheme was binding on the plaintiff. Mr. Justice Wadia rejected these contentions and decreed the plaintiff's suit in the trial court. On appeal, the Appellate Court confirmed the decree of the trial court holding, that though the contract was made at Alleppey, it was to be performed in Bombay as the money was to be repaid in Bombay, and therefore the Bombay High Court had jurisdiction to try the suit. Against this decree of the Appellate Court, the Defendant-Bank sought to appeal to the Privy Council, and made the present application to obtain the necessary certificate granting leave to appeal on the ground that the present case satisfies the requirements of Section 110 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

The Plaintiff-Respondent opposed this application on the ground that there was no substantial question of law involved in the appeal. Counsel for the respondent argued that both the lower courts had arrived at concurrent findings of fact as to the place where the contract was to be performed, and that this was a pure question of fact on which the decision of the whole case would turn. He therefore, submitted that leave to appeal to the Privy Council should not be granted to the appellants.

Their Lordships however, did not accept this argument and granted the necessary certificate on the usual deposit for costs being made by the appellants. Their Lordships were of the opinion that a substantial question of law was involved in the appeal, viz.—What was the proper law of contract governing this case?—The law of Travancore or the law of British India?

Mr. N. P. Engineer instructed by Messrs. Purnanand & Jasubhai appeared for the appellants.

Mr. M. L. Maneksha instructed by Messrs. Smetham, Byrne & Lambert appeared for the respondent.

CEYLON LOOKS UP TO INDIA

BOMBAY, July 25.

That India had made great strides in industry and commerce and that Ceylon could well look up to her for guidance in this direction was the view expressed by the members of the Ceylon Industrial Society and their president Mr. H. P. de Mell, who are here on a business tour, in an interview to the Associated Press. They felt that there was tremendous scope for industrialisation in Ceylon. During their stay in India the members of the Society have made close investigations with regard to several industries and hope to embark on one of these immediately.—A. P.

EX-M. L. C. STABBED

MADRAS, July 25.

It is reported Rao Bahadur A. V. P. C. Muthu Chettiar, Zemindar of Siruvalai, was fatally stabbed this morning in Ambalathady village near Madura. He was taken to Madura for treatment, but succumbed to his injuries.

Mr. Chettiar was a member of the old Madras Legislative Council for several years.—A. P.

EXPANSION OF I. M. S.

Emergency Commissions To Indian Doctors

SIMLA, July 22.

Parallel with the expansion of the Indian Armed Forces, which is now taking place, a great increase in the Army Medical Services, to correspond with this expansion, is now being organised.

One hundred Indian doctors, it is learnt, are to be recruited by the end of this month, and a further hundred in August. They will receive emergency commissions in the Indian Medical Service. An additional fifty subassistant surgeons are also being recruited immediately for the Indian Medical Department and still further recruitment is envisaged.

Sanction was given at the outbreak of war for the recruitment of an additional 164 lady nurses to the Indian Military Nursing Service and 60 have already been recruited.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEONS

Sub-Assistant Surgeons will in future be given on first appointment commissioned rank as Jemadars, if they are Licentiates, and as Subedars, at the discretion of the Selection Board, if they are medical graduates. Scales of pay will be enhanced to Rs. 75-715 and Rs. 160-5-175 respectively. In addition an allowance of Rs. 50/- per month will be admissible to Sub-Assistant Surgeons throughout the period of service in the emergency branch.—A.P.

AROUND THE COURTS

Convicted For Violating Lighting Restrictions

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Ramchandra, a motor driver was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 5 by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, on a charge of violating the lighting restrictions.

The police stated that the accused kept his car stationary at Bhuleshwar Road on July 19, with headlights switched and they were not properly shaded.

The accused pleaded that he had taken sufficient precautions, and the one unscreened light inside his shop did not throw out strong light.

The Magistrate warned and discharged the accused.

Muzfar Hussain Sherkhan, Ganpat Ram Dayaram, and Pascol Sequeira motor drivers, who were arrested yesterday for violating lighting restrictions were placed this morning before the Chief Presidency Magistrate.

The police wanted time to make inquiries as to whether the accused had been previously warned. The case was therefore adjourned and the accused were directed to be release on bail.

FINED RS. 30 FOR POSSESSING ILLICIT LIQUOR

Keshav Ramji Sawar (30) who was arrested on a charge of possessing illicit alcohol on June 9, was found guilty under Abkari Act. He was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 30 or in default to undergo two weeks' rigorous imprisonment by Mr. G. A. Sabnis, at the Dadar Court to-day.

Three persons,—Govind Luxman Naik, Bala Ram Parab and Abdulla Ebrahim—were arrested on a charge of receiving sutta bets at Galoo Khojas Chawl, Kala Chowkie, and Mahim, respectively and were produced to-day before Mr. K. C. Thakore, Presidency Magistrate, Dadar Court, who ordered them to be released on bail.

MAN CLEARED OF KIDNAPPING CHARGE

Saraswatibai, daughter of one Milkiram, who was kidnapped on midnight of June 19 and was at first reported to be a minor girl, was certified by the Police Surgeon as a major, her age being about 18 years.

The accused was ordered to be discharged by Mr. K. C. Thakore, at the Dadar Court, to-day.

ACCIDENTAL DROWNING

The Coroner's Jury returned a verdict of death by asphyxiation due to accidental drowning in the sea at Hornby Vellard on Wednesday at the inquest held on the body of Haji Mohomedalli (32), a tea-shop keeper at Tardeo.

The body, it was stated, was found by a Civic Guard.

SECURITY DEMAND ON 'NAV SAURASHTRA'

The Government of Bombay has demanded securities of Rs. 1,500 each under sections 3(3) and 7(3) of the Indian Press (Emergency Powers) Act, 1931, from Mr. Narottam Hargovind Pandya, keeper of the Subhash Printery and publisher of the "Nav Saurashtra" newspaper of Ahmedabad for printing and publishing matter of the nature described in clause (jf) of section 4(1) of that Act.

All copies of the issue dated the 29th April 1940 of the "Nav Saurashtra" newspapor publishing the offending article have also been declared to be forfeited under section 19.

BOMBAY GOVT. GAZETTE

Civil Appointments

Mr. B. M. Dwivedi, to officiate as Additional Special Auditor, Co operative Societies, Bombay, during the absence of Mr. N. D. Karmarkar.

Mr. G. H. Guggali, I.C.S., on return from leave, to be District and Sessions Judge, Broach and Panch Mahals, vice Mr. I. C. Munsiff.

Mr. I. C. Munsiff, LL.B., on relief, to be Assistant Judge and Additional Sessions Judge, Broach and Panch Mahals, vice Mr. C. S. Deodhar reverting.

Mr. R. S. Halliday, I.C.S., on return from leave, to be Assistant Judge and Additional Sessions Judge, Poona, vice Mr. R. S. Vaze reverting.

Mr. P. J. Ghandy, on return from leave, to be Backward Class Officer, Province of Bombay, vice Mr. D. A. Dhruva, reverting to the Educational Department.

Dispute Over Hindi Teaching Ends

(From the Office of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League)

Bombay, July 24

The compulsory teaching of Hindi in the St. Joseph's High School, Bombay, had recently been creating considerable dissatisfaction amongst the Muslim students of that school. Happily those differences have now been ended through the intervention of the Educational and Social Uplift Committee of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League.

The Committee arranged to send a deputation to the Principal of the High School and the Principal has now agreed that he will start teaching the Urdu Script from November, 1940, in his High School to all Muslim boys who desire to learn Urdu. He has also agreed to adopt as the text books, the text books published by the Anjuman-e-Himayat-ul-Islam which are being used in various recognised schools.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

On The Air

FRIDAY, JULY 26.

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. News in Marathi. 7-40 News in Gujarati. 7-50 Jaltarang solo. 8 Keep fit. 8-10 Abdur Rehman and Party. 8-25 Balkrishnabuwa Kapileshwari. 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in English. 9 Azad-ke-Gane. 9-10 The Bombay Radio Orchestra. 9-20 Radhe Shyam. 12-30 p.m. Jalwa-i-Tur. 12-40 Raqs-o-Naghma. 12-50 Kallan Qawwal and Party. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 .....Ramante Tatra Devtah: Programme for women in Gujarati. 1-10 Film songs. 1-20 Mutual Understanding: Daily lesson in Eng. and Hind. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Do you know Madame? 1-40 Lunch Hour music. School Broadcasts: 4-15 Musical prelude. 4-20 Science: Galileo: Play. 4-35 Airs from the West. 4-45 Hindustani: My Garden: Lesson. 5 S. G. Newrekar. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 Abdur Rehman and Party. 5-50 From Manoos. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Hira Bai Ankolekar. 6-30 Sarinda solo folk tune. 6-35 Tunes from 'Zindagi'. 6-45 Nagesh Masute 7 They Weave a Story, 2: Taik in Marathi. 7-15 Bombay Radio Orchestra. 7-25 Un se Do Baten: Geet. 7-30 Hira Bai Ankolekar. 7-45 Violin Duets. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Tomorrow. 8-30 Present Arms, 1: 9th Jat Regiment: Feature. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C news relay. 9-50 Hira Bai Ankolekar. 10-5 The A I R Sextet. 10-15 S. G. Newrekar.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. M. U. Khan: Sarod. 7-40 Krishnarao Fulambrikar. 7-50 to 8-40 As in Bombay 1. 8-40 Balkrishnabuwa Kapileshwari. 8-50 A Flute recital. 9 to 9-30 As in Bombay 1.

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

12-30 to 12-57 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 12-57 Monibardhan Orchestra. 1 to 1-30 As in Bom. 1. 1-30 Musical interlude. 1-35 to 2-30 As in Bom. 1.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

4-15 to 5-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 5-25 Afaq. Sitar. 5-35 to 6 As in Bom. 1. 6 Children's Hour (Eng.) 7 to 7-30 As in Bom. 1. 7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 to 7-55 As in Bom. 1. 7-55 Abdur Rehman and Party. 8-10 S. G. Newrekar. 8-25 to 9 As in Bom. 1. 9 Balkrishnabuwa Kapileshwari. 9-30 Garda Loewy: Pianoforte. 9-40 Webster Booth with Orchestra. 9-50 A I R Trio.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

5 p.m. Delhi Radio Orchestra. 5-10 Banne Khan Qawwal and Party. 5-30 Thumrian. 6-15 Faiyaz Mohammad. 6-35 Ashiq Husain. 6-50 A Violin recital. 7 A Better World, 2: Interview with a bookseller. 7-15 Mushtari Bai of Agra. 7-35 Afzal Husain. 7-45 World Affairs: Recorded from B B C. 8 Shamshad Begam of Lahore. 8-15 For Villagers only. 10 It has happened or Behag on Sarangi. 10-5 Banne Khan Qawwal and Party. 10-20 Shamshad Begam of Lahore. 10-30 Persian music. 11 Persian music.

Delhi II—Programme

60.48 metres (4,960 kc/s)

5 to 8-15 p.m. As in Delhi 1. 8-15 Mushtari Bai of Agra. 8-30 Geets. 9 to 9-30 As in Delhi 1. 9-30 Banne Khan Qawwal and Party. 9-45 Ashiq Husain. 10 to 10-5 As in Delhi 1. 10-5 Ramzan Khan. 10-30 Afzal Husain. 10-45 Shamshad Begam of Lahore.

Calcutta I—Programme

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time).

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

5 p.m. For the Children. 6-6 Request programme. 6-40 A I R Players present 'Sati-Tulsi'. 7-40 Bigha Kayek Jami: Social drama. 9 Shaila Devi. 9-55 Mukhtar Begam: Ghazal and Dadra.

ARMAMENTS ON A. I. R.

At 8-30 p.m. this (Friday) evening the Bombay Station will broadcast a special programme on the Kirkee Ammunition Factory, called "The Forge." It is preceded by a light and amusing survey of the history of armaments, written by a well-known broadcaster. The characters include a group of pigmies, David and Golliath, Roger Bacon and Beelzebub. The programme is rounded off by a series of electrical recordings, specially taken by All-India Radio in the Kirkee Ammunition Factory. Tune in to Bombay on 244 and 61.48 metres.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE
G. I. P. Railway

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Calcutta Mail (via Chheoki)	9-35	20-15
Madras Mail	6-00	22-00
Peshawar-Lucknow (Express)	6-15	22-45
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	9-05	18-05
Madras Express	10-15	14-30
Poona Mail	10-30	17-30
Punjab Mail	12-30	17-40
Nagpur Express	15-00	21-00
Poona Fast Passenger	16-50	11-50
Poona Express	19-32	8-05

B. B. and C. I. Railway

ARRIVALS AT AND DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY CENTRAL FROM JULY 1.)

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	6-35	13-50
Delhi Express	6-00	22-15
Kathiawar Mail	6-45	21-30
Gujarat Mail	7-25	22-00
Frontier Mail	8-15	21-15
	*(Mon.)	(Sat.)
The Flying Ranee Surat	9-48	15-10
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Monday)	10-58	
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Saturday)		18-05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14-15	22-30
Kathiawar Express	18-45	8-45
Baroda Passenger	20-37	9-0

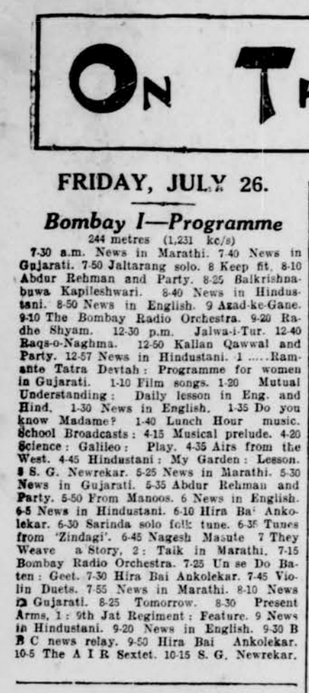
*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, this train will run on Tuesday.

More Trade Commissioners For India

SIMLA: July 25.

It is learned that Indian Trade Commissioners in Alexandria and Mombasa have been asked to make a full survey of the possibilities of expanding Indian trade with North and East Africa.

It is also understood that the Government of India are actively considering the appointment of Trade Commissioners in Australia and South Africa.—A. P.



Zest for Work depends on Restful Sleep—

Drink delicious OVALTINE and note the Difference

Try "Ovaltine" Biscuits. Delicious, digestive and nourishing, they are the best for all occasions. Sold in 4 oz. and 8 oz. packets, and 1 lb tins.

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os/22/39

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Besides other very useful emolients for the skin. SUNIL SNOW contains Vitamin F. A few days use of this beauty-reviver will bring about the much sought-for healthy glow in your complexion. The regular use of SUNIL SNOW will keep your skin smooth, supple and young. You will become brighter and fairer day to day.

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BOMBAY SOAP FACTORY BOMBAY 3

Improved Buying On N. Y. Cotton Exchange

PROFESSIONAL SUPPORT AND SCARCITY OF OFFERINGS ...

Weekly Weather Report Favourable

Bombay: July 25.

The New York cotton market was fairly firm on active general buying. There was professional buying and with scarcity of offerings prices recorded a sharp rise.

The weekly weather report states:—

"The reaction to warmer weather was quite favourable though excessive rains continued in some Central localities. In Texas progress was good to excellent though more rain is needed in the Northwest. In Oklahoma advance was very good with general blooming and some bolls developing. In Central States progress was fairly good in North portions but poor to very good in Southern sections. In the Eastern States progress was poor to very good."

The market is confident about higher loan and naturally when prices are under the expected loan level, there is increased buying. It is true that speculative interest is very small and small buying or selling is having more influence on prices, but careful observers will find that October option around 9.25 seems a safe purchase.

This season we have had too much rain over the American Cotton Belt and it is proved by experience that during wet years yield per acre is smaller. Thus the prospective yield is likely to be below last year, but it is too early to form any definite idea about the total production.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton market advanced despite favourable weather on expectations of a higher loan. The market was steady at the opening but there was general buying. Prices advanced on higher Liverpool and on the firmness of Chicago grains. Trade, spot house and local as well as professional buying was the chief feature.

At the opening October was 4 pts up at 9.34 and declined to 9.33 which was the lowest level. Later on there was active buying and prices advanced to 9.44 which was the highest level. The market closed at a net rise of 10 to 13 pts. Spot cotton prices advanced 10 pts. at 10.53c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was also very steady with general buying. Prices closed at a rise of 10 to 13 pts. Spot cotton prices declined 10 pts at 10-30c per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of 2 pts. with October 7.08. The British Budget was considered inflationary and despite Bombay disappointing, there was trade calling and investment buying. There was scattered local realising. The market closed at a rise of 9 to 13 pts. Middling American spot cotton prices closed 12 pts up at 7.84d per lb.

Egyptian cotton section was also very steady and Upper futures closed 12 to 11 pts up and Giza futures closed 14 to 11 pts higher.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October highest 9.44+14 (2-9 p.m.); lowest 9.33+03 (10-4 a.m.)

Liverpool October highest 7.21+15; lowest 7.08+02.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

New York.—Trade buying. Offerings light.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York: July 24.

October	9.43+13
December	9.29+11
January	9.19+11
March	9.09+12
May	8.90+12
July	8.71+10
Middling Spot (7/8 Staple)	10.33+10
Middling Spot (15/16 Staple)	10.53+10

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New Orleans: July 24.

October	9.48+13
December	9.32+12
January	9.21+11
Middling Spot (7/8 Staple)	10.10—10
Middling Spot (15/16 Staple)	10.30—10

NEW YORK COTTON

New York: July 24.

11 a.m. Ranges. Noon Call.

October	9.36/9.36	9.36
December	9.22/9.22	9.22
March	9.00/9.00	9.00

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

Day's receipts at all U S Ports	2,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain	Nil.
Day's exports to the Continent	Nil.
Day's exports to China and Japan	4,000 bales

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool: July 24.

July	7.50+15
August	7.37+13
September	7.27+14
October	7.19+13
November	7.09+12
December	6.98+10
January	6.94+10
February	6.89+10
March	6.85 10
April	6.81+10
May	6.77+10
June	6.72+09
July	6.68+09
Middling Spot	7.84+12

10 a.m. QUOTATIONS

October	7.08
January	6.86

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay: July 25.

Yesterday London Gold was unchanged at £8/8/0. Dollar Sterling cross rate was 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2 at London and 3.87 1/2 at New York.

London spot silver was 1/16d down at 22 3/8d and forward quotation was unchanged. The market was featureless. New York spot silver was unchanged at 34 3/4 cents and Shanghai T T on London was quoted 3 3/4. London Bombay spot silver parity was Rs. 59/1/9 and forward parity was Rs. 58/6/6.

The local market was quietly steady with utter absence of any important business. Professional operators are out of the market and general demand being satisfied, there is no demand from interior centres. However the future entirely depends upon the course of commodity prices and unless we have prosperity period, there cannot be important demand to justify any important rise. To-day the market was quietly steady with a restricted business.

Quotations were as under:—

Ready: Gold Rs. 41/10/6; Silver Rs. 62/3/6
Ashad: Gold Rs. 41/11/0; Silver Rs. 62/2/0

LONDON SILVER

London: July 24.

Spot	22 3/8
Forward	22 1/16

LONDON GOLD

London: July 24.

Gold Bars Fine per Oz.	£8/8/0

GROUNDNUTS & SEEDS

Bombay: July 25.

		Rs.	as.	ps.
Castorseeds	September—			
	Opening	39	2	0
	Highest	39	6	0
	Lowest	39	0	0
	Closing	39	4	0
Groundnuts	August—			
	Opning	31	4	0
	Highest	31	7	0
	Lowest	31	0	0
	Closing	31	4	0
Cottonseeds	September—			
	Opening	26	0	0
	Highest	26	7	0
	Lowest	26	0	0
	Closing	26	4	0
Groundnuts	February—			
	Highest	33	8	3
	Opening	33	2	0
	Lowest	32	14	6
	Closing	32	14	6
Castorseeds	May—			
Cottonseeds	May—			
	Opening	39	10	0
	Highest	39	10	0
	Highest	39	10	0
	Lowest	39	10	0
	Closing	39	10	0
	Opening	23	8	0
	Highest	23	9	6
	Lowest	23	6	6
	Closing	23	7	0

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay: July 25.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY OF INDIAN COTTON

In full-pressed bales.	Yesterday.	Since 1st Septmbr. This year.	Last year
Khandesh		55,579	38,757
Central India		109,361	225,132
Barsi and Nagar		114,118	93,362
Hyderabad/Gaorani		47,970	4,474
Berar		318,618	162,718
Central Provinces		76,962	38,100
Total Oomras		722,608	562,544
Dholeras		89,297	276,871
N.-W. Provinces		26,079	9,578
Rajputana		35,228	79,416
Sind-Punjab	50	369,089	331,073
Broach		408,546	414,944
Coompta & Dharwar	152	50,753	148,804
Westerns-Northerns	106	36,147	95,869
Cocoanada		86	98
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		1,392	2,537
Total	308	1,738,648	1,921,834

Arrived by road to 18th July 1940 339,387 .....

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay: July 25.

Once again local professional operators are making a determined effort to depress prices of Indian cotton and it will be seen from the recent action of the market. Yesterday the local market opened at Rs. 196 and prices declined to Rs. 190/12 for Broach A/M delivery and to-day with New York 13 pts up, there was selling and the market and prices declined to Rs. 191/8.

This persistent selling despite higher foreign advices must be taken as a signal for caution and buyers will do well to have small interest. There is no new development to justify short sales. On the contrary the Commerce Member to the Government of India is in the city to help the export business and do whatever possible to secure freight.

However professional operators who are reported sellers must have their apprehensions. In response to a rise of 13 pts in New York cotton futures, the local market opened at Rs. 192 for Broach A/M delivery and improved to Rs. 193 under scattered buying. Later on there was renewed selling and prices declined to Rs. 191, but again attained a feeble rally to Rs. 192. Thereupon the market steadied at this level and later improved under scattered buying.

There was further steady buying and prices improved to Rs. 195. At this level there was some realising and prices reacted to Rs. 193/8. There was a renewed buying and prices hardened to Rs. 196. Liverpool opened 5 pts up and in the local market price was quoted at Rs. 195/8. There was some profit-taking and prices reacted to Rs. 194/8. Liverpool was 9 pts up and Broach A/M improved to Rs. 196. Liverpool was 6 pts up at the close and quotations at 5 p.m. were as under:—

F G M G Broach July/August	Rs. 177/4
F G M G Broach April/May 1941	Rs. 194/4
Fine M G Oomra Dec/Jany	Rs. 173/0
F G M G Bengal Dec/Jany	Rs. 140/8

COTTON TENDERS

Bombay: July 25.

	To-day.	Total.
Bengal	600	7,700
Oomra	950	8,700

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay: July 25.

Bengal Fine	141/43
C. P. 1	177/80
C. P. 2	169/70
Berar	168/70
Khandesh	166/68
Jalna/Sallu	166/68
Ahmednagar	166/68
Broach	175/77

COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay: July 25.

	Extra Spr-fine.	Sup.	Fine.	F.G.	Good
M G Bengal U P	148	145	142	139	
M G Punjab	145	145	142	139	
M G Rajputana	156	152	149	145	
M G Oomra No. 3	176	174	171	168	...
M G C. P. No. 1	188	186	183	180	...
M G C. P. No. 2	180	178	175	172	...
M G Broach No. 2	180	178	176	173	
M G Punjab-American	211	209	207	204	
M G Surat	232	230	228	225	
M G Rajpipla	226	224	222	219	
M G Navsari	239	237	235	232	

TEJI MANDI PREMIUMS

Bombay: July 25.

	Rs.	as.	ps.
Wheat September	0	4	0
Wheat January	0	8	6
Wheat May	0	11	0
Groundnuts August	1	4	0
Groundnuts February	5	0	0
Castorseeds September	3	8	0
Cottonseeds September	1	4	0
Silver Shrawan	1	10	0
Gold Shrawan	0	12	0

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay: July 24.

	Highest	Lowest	Closing at 5 p.m.
Broach J/A	176 1/2	171	173
Broach A/M	196	190	190 3/4
Oomra July	170	164 1/2	167 1/2
Oomra D/J	173 3/4	169	169 1/2
Bengal July	142	138	138 1/4
Bengal D/J	143	138	138 1/4

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay: July 25.

Movements in Steel shares again continued narrow either way. Tata Deferreds opened at 1800 and with alternate buying and selling moved between 1805 and 1795, closing eventually at 1805. The Ordinaries, likewise, changed hands between 343 and 346 closing at 345. Among Textiles, Bombay Dyeings kept dull around 905 and Indian Irons were put at 26/2.

The following are the important quotations on the Exchange, to-day:—

Tata Deferreds (1790) 1800 1805 1795 1805
Tata Ordinaries (343/8) 344 346 343 345/8 345.

Tata Ordinary 345. Tata Deferred 1805, Indian Iron 26/2, Bombay Dyeing 905, Century 257/8, Central India 251/4. Kohinoor 342/8, Associated Cement 112/4, Bombay Burma 525, Scindia Steam 19/6, Tata Hydro 160, Reserve Bank 101/8, Imperial Bank F P 1435, Central Bank 35, Bank of India 134, 3 1/2 per cent Paper 89.

COTTON CONTRACTS RUN OUT

BOMBAY, July 25.

Bengal July and Oomra July contracts ran out at Rs. 142 and Rs. 171 respectively.

WEEKLY YARN MARKET REPORT

Bombay, July 24

A slightly better feeling in the yarn market reported during the last two weeks has not been maintained during the week under review on account of recent sharp decline in cotton and also due to fears of further intensification of War as a result of latest speech by the German Chancellor. What little confidence was evident amongst the dealers and consumers during the last few days has again been shattered and most of the enquiries that were in evidence have been rapidly vanishing. Owing to the uncertainty prevailing in cotton prices dealers and consumers have been again found nervous and do not show any inclination to operate at the moment. Almost all business has been at a standstill and turnover is naturally very much restricted. Reports from all important consuming districts all over the country are far from satisfactory. It is further reported that the up country mills have been reducing their prices and have been making sales of their yarns at the market rates round about their districts. Furthermore reports have been received from the South that several Southern Indian mills have started lowering their rates further and this has created loss of confidence amongst the Southern Indian markets. The only ray of hope at the moment is centred in the Monsoon which has so far turned out generally satisfactory all over the country. Stocks of yarn and cloth with the local mills have been steadily increasing and deliveries are not satisfactory As regards Export markets in spite of the recent compromise between Great Britain and Japan on the Far Eastern situation there has been yet no improvement in demand from Far Eastern markets. In fact no enquiries have been received at all from those quarters so far. Besides, the shipping difficulties have been getting more and more intense and naturally export trade has been suffering very heavily. Some of the contracted goods have been lying unshipped for a considerably long period awaiting shipments. General condition of Yarn Trade on the whole is not yet satisfactory and the future outlook continues to remain uncertain at the moment.

ENGLISH YARNS

There has been no business possible in Manchester yarns on account of the War developments.

JAPANESE AND SHANGHAI YARNS

Owing to the recent sharp decline in cotton improvement reported during the last few days could not be maintained and prices in both Japanese and Shanghai yarns have experienced a decline to the extent of half an anna per lb. during the week. Owing to lack of confidence offtake has been again restricted. In case of Mercerised yarns speculative turnover has been limited and mostly confined to near deliveries. Fresh forward business with Japan and Shanghai is practically nil on account of much higher replacing costs and also due to continued uncertainty regarding Japanese Exchange. Yen Exchange has declined further during the week.

ARTIFICIAL SILK YARNS

Prices in artificial silk yarns have declined further during the week on account of recent heavy arrivals, restricted demand from consuming districts and also due to continued pressure of sales from local import houses for ready as well as for near deliveries. Fresh forward business with Japan has been very limited and mostly confined to Japanese Import Houses who have been reported to have made sales at prices which are unexpectedly low and attractive. Stocks of Japanese art silk yarns have been rather large and recent arrivals have been heavy but as forward business with Japan have been practically small and as the present level of prices is very low and attractive it is very likely that as soon as the local market settles down improvement in demand from the consuming districts will be in evidence. As regards Staple Fibre yarns after a sharp decline in prices market has remained steady at the close. The future tendency remains uncertain.

INDIAN YARNS

Turnover on the Bombay Yarn Exchange Ltd., both in 10 1/2s as well as in 20 1/2s has been considerably restricted during the week on account of recent sharp decline in prices and also due to further political developments. Prices during the week have declined to the extent of about Rs. 5 per bale and even at the close the future tendency remains uncertain.

COTTON PARITY

Broach J/A below Liverpool July 351 penny points at Exch 1/6
Broach A/M below Liverpool May 237 penny points at Exch 1/6
Broach A/M below New York May 147 cent points at Exch 331

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool: July 24.

	UPPERS.	GIZA.
Spot	11.44+16	10.80+16
July	10.99+12	10.36+14
October	10.51+11	10.13+11
December	10.41+11	Nov. 10.13+11
January	10.21+11	9.96+11
March	10.01+41	9.81+11
May	9.94+11	9.73+11

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F. P. Bales.	1939-40.	1938-39.
Receipts to date 24-7-40	7757000	4048000
Receipts yesterday 24-7-40	8000	10000
Export to date 24-7-40	6394000	3539000
Stock at Ports 19-7-40	2477000	1947000
Stock at interior towns 19-7-40	2009000	2442000
Stock at Liverpool 19-7-40	.....	667000
Visible supply 19-7-40	.....	4828000
Quantity in sight 19-7-40	13801000	9558000
Quantity out of sight 19-7-40	.....	10365000

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, July 25.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52	95
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	100-14
3 per cent 1951-54 Bonds	95-12
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes	89-6
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan	103
4 per cent 1943 Bond	103-12
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan	100-2
4 1/2 per cent 1955-69 Loan	107-4
5 per cent 1940/43 Bonds	100-8
3 per cent 1963/65 Loans	88-4
TAX-FREE LOANS	
5 per cent 1945/50 Loan	109
4 per cent 1953/65 Mysore	107-4
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	118
CORPORATION DEBENTURES	
4 per cent B P T 1947	100
4 per cent M Deb. 1947	99-8
5 per cent M Deb. 1959	109
6 per cent M Deb. 1954	115
6 per cent K P T 1956	115

Tone:—Steady.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay: July 25.

B. C. RATES —

T T D D 1/5 15/16 to 25th January

LONDON:—

Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 to 25th January

Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 25th January

Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/32 One month

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32 One month.

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 1/4 Two months.

NEW YORK:—

Banks selling T T 333 1/2

Bank's buying T T 330

Bank's buying D D 328

PARIS:

Bank's selling T T not quoted

Bank's buying T T not quoted

JAPAN:—

Bank's selling T T 84 5/8 nominal

Bank's buying T T 79 5/8 nominal

Bank's buying 60 days 78 7/8 nominal

JAVA—

Banks selling D D 65 3/4

HONGKONG—

Banks selling D D 84 3/4

SHANGHAI

Bank's selling D D 24

SINGAPORE—

Banks selling D D 157 3/4

CROSS RATES—

Hongkong/London 1/3 1/32 25th inst.

Shanghai/London 0/4 1/16 25th inst.

New York/London 3.86 1/2 24th inst.

London/Java 7.58/62 24th inst.

London/New York 4.02 1/2-3 1/2 24th inst.

London/Switzerland 17.70/80 24th inst.

London/Stockholm 16.85/95 24th inst.

London/Japan 1/3 1/16 24th inst.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.

Gold £8/8/0 23rd inst.

Gold £8/8/0 24th inst.

Silver London Ready 22 7/16 23rd inst.

Silver London Ready 22 3/8 24th inst.

Silver London Forward 22 1/16 23rd inst.

Silver London Forward 22 1/16 24th inst.

Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 23rd inst.

Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 24th inst.

London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 23rd inst.

London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 24th inst.

London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 23rd inst.

London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 24th inst.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money:—Call 1/2 per cent.

3 months 1 1/4 per cent.

6 months 1 1/2 per cent.

Tone:—Very easy

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London: July 24.

INDIAN	LOAN—
3 per cent	79
3 1/2 per cent	91 1/2
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	100
4 per cent 1948/53	104
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	107
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	109
5 per cent 1942/47	103 3/4
3 per cent 1949/52	96
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	72 1/2
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	99 3/8
4 per cent Funding Loan 1960/90	110 1/4
Indian Iron and Steel New Ordinary	40

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York: July 25.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following New York Stock Exchange report:—

	Dollars
Amr For Pow 7 per cent Pfd	14 5/8
Amr For Pow 5 per cent Debs	49 1/4
Amr Pow and Lt 7 per cent Pfd	40 1/8
Electric Pow and Lt 7 per cent Pfd	31
Electric Bond and Share Com	5 1/2
Electric Bond and Share Dol.5 Pfd	61
Columbia Gas and Electric	5 1/2
Amr Tel and Tel	159 1/2
Sun Life of Canada	175
Western Union Telegraph	17
Int Tel and Tel	2 1/2
New York Central R R	11 3/8
Great Northern Pfd	22 1/4
Union Pacific	81 1/2
Chesapeake and Ohio	37 1/4
Australia 5 per cent 1955 Loan	46
United States Steel	50
Bethlehem Steel	75
National Steel	58 1/2
Crucible Steel	28 1/2
Alleghany Ludlum Steel	20 1/2
Republic Steel	16 3/8
Int Nickel of Canada	21 5/8
Anaconda Copper Mining	18 1/2
Chrysler Motors	63 3/8
General Motors	43 1/4
Socony	8 1/2
Consolidated Oil	6 1/4
Standard Oil of N J	34 1/2
Texas Corporation	38 1/4
National City Bank of N Y	24 1/2

Turnover 200,000 shares.

PEPPER & GINGER PRICES

Bombay: July 25.

(The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association, Ltd.)

	Rs.	as.	ps.
Pepper ready Alleppey per candy	82	0	0
Pepper Bhadarwa Sud 15 per candy	82	0	0
Pepper Maha Sud 12 per candy	86	0	0
Ginger ready bleached per cwt	16	0	0
Ginger Maha Sud 15 per cwt	13	8	0

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay: July 25.

Yellow Metal Sheet	Rs. 66/8
Copper Sheets	Rs. 66/8

Tone:—Steady.

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay: July 25.

Fine White Java Sugar per cwt—
Shipment September Rs. 8/4 F.B.H.
Indian Sugars Ready—
Ready ordinary Rs. 15 to 15/3
Ready large grain Rs. 15/4 to 16.
Tone:—Quiet.

LINSEED & WHEAT.

Bombay: July 25.

The local Linseed and Wheat Market was influenced by weakness of cotton market. During the middle of the session there was some buying and prices hardened but again met realising.

Quotations at 5 p.m. were as under:—

Linseed September	5 7 0
Linseed May	6 1 9
Wheat September	4 0 9
Wheat January	4 3 3
Wheat May	4 5 6

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Improved Demand

Bombay: July 25.

The local Share Bazar was fairly steady with an improved demand and prices recorded moderate gains. The undertone was good and investment support tended to improve. Although the market is cautious over European developments but there are signs of confidence and Government Securities fared well.

The Wall-Street market was easy with dealings the smallest in years. U. S. Steel shares declined 3/8 at 50 dollars and Anaconda Copper Mining shares closed 3/8 down at 18 1/2 dollars.

Cotton Mill shares were steady with demand for Bombay Dyeings which closed at Rs. 920 while other active shares in this section were quietly steady.

Bank shares were steady. Centrals improved to Rs. 35 and Imperials gained Rs. 25 at Rs. 1440. India Bank X-D were placed at Rs. 132/8 and Reserve Bank shares changed hands at Rs. 101/12.

Railway shares were steady with buying for Ahmedabad Prantij at Rs. 1020. Hydro-Electric section was steady without any change of note.

Tata Steel Defds improved to Rs. 1812/8 and Ordinary shares closed at Rs. 345/8. Belapur Sugars steadied at Rs. 203 but Bombay Burmas declined to Rs. 522/8. Indian Bleachings moved up to Rs. 103 and Scindia shares closed at Rs. 19/6.

On the whole, the tone of the market was steady under steadiness of commodity markets.

TEXTILE SHARES

Bombay, July 25.

100	Ahmedabad Advance	265	0
250	Bombay Dyeing	920	0
100	Century	257	0
100	Central India	252	0
100	Colaba	13	0
100	Coorla	93	2
250	David	345	0
1	E. D. Sassoon Def.	0	6
100	Finlay	135	0
100	Gokak	180	0
1000	Hindustan	1920	0
100	Indore	37	0
100	Khatau	120	0
100	Kohinoor	345	0
250	Laxmi	480	0
100	Morarji	175	0
50	Model	58	0
50	Mysore	100	0
200	New Great	314	0
100	Oosmanshahi	55	8
100	Phoenix	263	0
25	Sassoon Silk	72	0
1000	Sholapur	2475	0
100	Swadeshi	222	0
100	Swan	147	0
500	Vishnu	1137	8
1000	Western	960	0

BANKS

50-100	Baroda	103	4
250	Central	35	0
500	Imperial	1440	0
125-500	Imp. Contrys.	351	4
50-100	India X.D.	132	8
100	Reserve Bank	101	12
5	Union	5	6

CEMENTS

100	Associated	112	8

INSURANCE

100	Empire	6	0
15-100	Jupiter	1	1
20	Mercantile XD		
15-75	New India X.D.		
200	Oriental		
10-50	Vulcan X.D		

ELECTRIC

100	Ahmed Old	152	8
1000	Andhra Valley	1495	0
10	Ajmer	10	8

NEW YORK COTTON FIVE POINTS UP

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES
OCTOBER 1940

New York, July 25

Previous closing	9.43
To-day's opening	9.42
Difference	-01
To-day's closing	9.48
Difference	+05

BROACH EXPECTATION

Broach July/August	Rs. 178
Broach April/May	Rs. 195

LIVERPOOL COTTON
OCTOBER 1940

Liverpool, July 25

Previous closing	7.19
To-day's opening	7.24
Difference	+05
To-day's closing	7.24
Difference	+05

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, July 25

The New York cotton was rather quiet in absence of outside interest, with traders adopting waiting attitude, consequently movements were small.

Trading in October began at 9.42 i.e. one point lower than the last closing. Prices eased slightly under lower Liverpool cables and scattered liquidation with some hedging. The rate later declined to 9.41.

The following were opening ranges on New York Cotton Exchange :—
July Old (9.35/34) 9.42/42
October (9.20/20) 9.28/28
March (8.96/96) 9.06/06

LONDON COMMODITIES
SEEDS
London, July 25
Castorseeds July/August £17 3/4) £17 3/4
Linseed Bombay Calcutta July/August (£16 5/8) £16 5/8
Linseed La Plata July/August (£15) £15
Groundnuts Coromandal July (£15 5/8) £15 5/8

JUTES
Dundee August (£33) £33
Lightning August (£30) £30

RUBBER
Spot (12 7/16d paid and buyers) 12 3/8d value
Forward October December (12d paid and buyers) 12d paid and value

METALS.
Tin (£266 3/4 buyers; £267 sellers. Steady) £266 3/4 buyers; £267 sellers. Steady
Electrolytic Copper (£62) £62
Land Foreign Cash (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (123 sh.) 123 sh.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

Statement of the affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 19th July 1940.

LIABILITIES	Rs.	Rs.
CAPITAL :—		
Authorised—2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each	11,25,00,000	
Issued and subscribed—2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each	11,25,00,000	
Called up—75,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, fully paid	3,75,00,000	
1,50,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, Rs. 125 paid	1,87,50,000	5,62,50,000
Reserve liability of shareholders —Rs. 375 per share on 1,50,000 shares	5,62,50,000	
Reserve Fund		5,62,50,000
Fixed Deposit, Savings Bank, Current and other Accounts		90,94,59,000
Loans against securities per contra		.....
Acceptances for Constituents		23,000
Sundries		49,34,000
	Rupees	1,02,69,16,000
ASSETS	Rs.	Rs.
INVESTMENTS :—		
Government securities	40,55,85,000	
Other Authorised Investments	97,38,000	41,53,23,000
ADVANCES :—		
Loans	7,54,43,000	
Cash Credits and Overdrafts	32,11,87,000	
Bills Discounted and Purchased	4,05,99,000	43,72,30,000
Liability of Constituents for Acceptances per contra		23,000
Dead Stock		1,84,02,000
Sundries		42,29,000
Bullion		.....
CASH :—		
In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India	12,28,51,000	
Balances with other Banks	2,78,68,000	15,07,19,000
	Rupees	1,02,69,16,000

SALES TAX ON PETROL

W. I. A. A.'s Plea For Removal

As the Western India Automobile Association feel that now with the abolition of Prohibition there is no real necessity for the Sales Tax on petrol to continue to remain, the President has addressed the following letter to the Government of Bombay :—

"At the Committee meeting of my Association held on the 22nd instant it was resolved to address the Government as follows :—

"When in August of last year Prohibition has been introduced in Bombay in order to meet the loss of revenue caused thereby the Government then in Office has imposed various forms of taxation among them being the Sales Tax on petrol at the rate of one anna per gallon. Although petrol is a very much overtaxed commodity, motorists had to submit themselves to this new impost which was meant for a specific purpose. With the abolition of Prohibition the necessity for such a tax does not exist. Therefore, motorists rightly expect that the Sales Tax on petrol should be removed at the earliest opportunity and that they should be relieved of a burden which recently has been made heavier by a further price increase of one anna per gallon.

"My Association earnestly hopes that Government will give the above subject a favourable consideration."

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES
T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON
New York, July 25

Previous closing	3.87 1/2
To-day's opening	3.86 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK
London, July 25

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS
London, July 25

T T London on Paris not quoted.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
New York, July 25

The following are the opening quotations :—
General Motors (dol 43 3/8) dol 43 1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 19) dol 18 5/8
U S Steel Common (dol 50 5/8) dol 50
U S Steel Preference (unquoted) unquoted

LONDON SILVER CABLE
London, July 25

The following cable was received from London :—
Little Indian selling. Poor support. Market quiet.

LONDON SILVER
London, July 25

Spot (22 3/8d) 22 3/16d —3/16
Forward (22 1/16d) 22d —1/16

LONDON GOLD
London, July 25

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

LONDON EXCHANGES
London, July 25

London Exchange opened with the sterling dollar at 4.02.50 to 4.03.50 which is officially fixed rate

CROSS RATES
London on Bombay (1/6) 1-6
Paris on Bombay (unquoted) unquoted
New York on Bombay (30.32) 30.32
New York on Milan (unquoted) unquoted
London on Shanghai 40-3 11/16 to 0-4 1/16)
0-3 11/16 to 0-4 1/16
London on Kobe (1-2 3/4 to 1-3 1/4) 1-2 9/16 to 1-3 1/16

DISCOUNTS
3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent
4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent
6 months (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent

BULLION AND SEEDS
Bombay, July 25

There was no trading during the nigh' session.

Position Of Scheduled Banks

Statement of the position of scheduled banks as at the close of business on 19th July :—

1. Demand Liabilities :	
(a) In India	144,16,63,000
(b) In Burma	7,20,69,000
2. Time Liabilities :	
(a) In India	103,11,93,000
(b) In Burma	3,71,43,000
3. Cash :	
i. Currency notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes.	
(a) In India	6,56,02,000
(b) In Burma	1,75,000
ii. Burma Notes :	
(a) In India	40,000
(b) In Burma	87,36,000
iii. Rupee Coin :	
(a) In India	1,02,10,000
(b) In Burma	95,000
iv. Subsidiary Coin :	
(a) In India	33,14,000
(b) In Burma	35,000
4. Balances with Reserve Bank	29,48,96,000
5. Advances :	
(a) In India	127,76,43,000
(b) In Burma	4,34,80,000
6. Bills Discounted :	
(a) In India	3,42,51,000
(b) In Burma	13,39,000

Comparative statement of the position of scheduled banks.
(In thousand rupees)

	19-7-1940	12-7-1940	21-7-1939	1-9-1939
1. Demand liabilities in India & Burma	151,37,32	149,96,62	140,95,33	141,39,78
	(7,20,69)	(7,17,84)	(6,92,93)	(7,03,09)
2. Time liabilities in India & Burma	106,83,36	106,70,99	107,75,14	106,46,46
	(3,71,43)	(3,72,11)	(4,89,54)	(4,82,12)
3. Total cash in India & Burma	8,33,07	8,21,51	7,47,00	7,29,82
	(40,41)	(44,01)	(49,87)	(59,37)
4. Balances with Reserve Bank	29,48,96	28,98,64	24,97,42	28,27,76
5. Advances in India and Burma	132,11,23	136,37,97	110,91,25	106,65,08
	(4,34,80)	(4,61,48)	(3,95,82)	(4,12,92)
6. Bills discounted in India & Burma	3,55,90	3,93,42	5,34,00	3,86,74
	(13,39)	(15,63)	(34,84)	(29,45)

(Burma figures are shown in brackets)

3 1/2 P.C. STERLING LOAN

London, July 25

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed unchanged at £91 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London, July 25

The London Stock Exchange was stronger.

INDIAN LOANS
London, July 25

3 per cent Indian Stocks (£96) £96
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1950/55 (£107) £107
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1958/68 (£109) £109
4 per cent Indian Stocks 1948/53 (£104) £104
5 per cent Indian Stocks 1942/47 (£103 3/4) £103 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1954/58 (£100) £100

AUSTRALIAN LOANS
5 per cent 1958/68 (£102) £102

BRITISH FUNDS
2 1/2 per cent Consols (£72 1/2) £72 5/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£99 7/8) £100
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£98 1/2) £98 1/2
4 per cent Funding Loan (£110 1/4) £110 1/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£99 3/8) £99 1/2
New War Loan (£100 1/8) £100 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£109 1/8) £109 1/4

INDUSTRIALS
Standard Motors (8-9) 8-9
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (31-6) 32-3
Hydro Electric (No dealings) No dealings
Electric Music Industry (5-6) 6-4 1/2
Princhin Johnson (15-0) 15-0
Imperial Chemicals (23-6) 24-3
Woolsworth New Ordinary (50-0) 53-0
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1939 (£29 1/2) £29 1/2
Dundee Rubber (25-6) 27-0
Unilever Ordinary (18-9) 20-0
Ford Motors (14-10 1/2) 14-10 1/2
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£35) £36
British American Tobacco Ordinary (66-3) 70-0
Carreas 'A' (£3 3/4) £4
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (86-10 1/2) 90-0
P and O Def (15-7 1/2) 16-0
Distillers (56-0) 55-3
Bredfords Dye (3-1 1/2) 3-1 1/2
British Celanese (3-1 1/2) 3-3
J and P Coates Ordinary (26-0) 26-0
Courtaulds Ordinary (25-9) 26-4 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners (2-10 1/2) 2-10 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (12-7 1/2) 13-0
Inter Nickel Ordinary (No dealings) No dealings
Indian Iron (40-0) 40-0

TEA SHARES
Assam (13-9) 13-9
Donaro Tea (25-0) 25-0
Empire of India (16-3) 17-0

JUTE
Barnagore (£8) £8

RUBBER SHARES
Anglo Dutch Rubber (14-9) 14-9
Gula Kelampong (13-9) 13-9
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (22-3) 22-3

MINING SHARES
Nandydrug (22-6) 22-6
Burma Corporation (7-3) 7-3
Rio Tintos (£5 1/2) £5 1/2
East Rand Properties (33-1 1/2) 33-9
Rand Mines (£5 3/4) £5 3/4

MINE SHARES
Crown (£12 1/2) £12 1/2
Associated Portland Cement (47-6) 48-9
Trinidad Leaseholds (56-3) 56-3
Sub Nigel (£7 1/2) £7 3/4
Spring Mines Split Shares (18-1 1/2) 18-1 1/2
Union Corporation (£5 1/2) £5 1/2

OIL SHARES
Venezuela Persian (20-0) 20-0
Anglo India (31-3) 31-3
Burma Oil (45-0) 45-7 1/2
Mexican Eagle (3-4 1/2) 3-6
Shell Transport (33-1 1/2) 33-9
Royal Dutch (No dealings) No dealings

RAILWAY SHARES
Great Western Ordinary (£31 3/4) £32
London Midland Ordinary (£13 1/2) £13 3/4
London North Eastern Def (£1 5/8) £1 5/8
London Southern Def (£10 1/4) £10 3/4
London Transport 5 per cent (£114 1/2) £114 1/2
London Transport 'C' (£30 1/2) £30 1/2

SHIPPING NEWS

IMPORTS
Bombay : July 25.

700 cases safety matches, 94 pcs metal sheets, 112 bls mattress fibre, 2090 bags copra, 52 pkgs welding rods, 40 c/s tooth powder, 59 ctns dental powder, 710 bls old newspapers, 71 ctns shampoo, 24 ctns face cream, 76 ctns tooth paste, 54 ctns syrup of figs, 100 Nos paper sacks waterproofing compound, 40 bags Piumbago, 60 bris Glucose, 754 drums Asphalt, 4000 bags crude sulphur, 135 c/s medicines, 174 pcs Tugger wood, 41 pkgs commercial chassis, 370 bags sandalwood, 40 drums Hydrosulphite of soda, 40 Nos Pneum tyres and tubes, 38 drums thinning compound, 109 cts auto parts, 24 c/s photophone sound equipment, 690 bls secondhand clothing, 29 ctns Gostors, 51 c/s printing paper, 4857 bls cotton, 1138 ctns milk of Magnesia, 151763 pcs and bdls teak wood.

EXPORTS
Bombay : July 25.

184 bags gum R Daniji and Co; 200 bls raw cotton T M Kaisha, Ltd; 50 bls cotton grey shirting Maganlal Bros; 100 bls cotton raw H Nensey and Co; 1000 bls raw cotton Ramnarain Sons Ltd; 500 bls raw cotton Volkart Bros; 278 bags myrabollams P Mathradas and Co Ltd.

Bihar Jute Crop Area

PATNA, July 25

The total area under Jute this year in Bihar is estimated at 282,200 acres compared to last year final estimate of 265,500 acres according to the preliminary forecast of the jute crop of Bihar in 1940 issued by the Agricultural Department.

The slight increase in area is due to rise in the price of jute and also early rain. The present condition of the crop is good, adds the forecast.—A.P.

Liable To Excess Profits Tax

SIMLA, July 25

A survey made by the Income-Tax Department indicates that there are between 2,500 and 3,000 cases which are potentially within the Excess Profits Tax assessment.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of meteorological observations during 24 hours ending at 8 a.m. of the 25th of July, 1940 :—
Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hrs. —.023 inches.
Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 79.0 deg.
Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 77.0 deg.
Maximum temperature during 24 hrs. 84.3 deg. (0.7 below normal).
Minimum temperature during 24 hrs. 75.0 deg. (1.1 below normal).
Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 91 per cent.
Direction of wind at 8 a.m. W-N-W.
Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 12 miles per hr.
Total movement of wind in 24 hrs. 254 mls.
Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 35 miles per hour.
Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy equal to 10) 10.
Rainfall in 24 hours 1.11 inches.
Total rainfall during the month 14.20 inches
Total rainfall during the year 45.57 inches.
Weather remarks : Rain.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 25/7/1940

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature.....deg. F. a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read..... inches and a compensated aneroid.....inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

Weather Report

POONA, July 25

The following is the maximum and the minimum temperature and rainfall figures recorded at the various stations during the 24 hours ending 8 a.m. to-day :—

STATIONS.	Temperatures Maximum	Minimum	Rainfall Past 24 hours.	Total since June 1	Departure from normal.
Chittagong	84	78	0.1	39.2	+0.9
Calcutta	94	79	1.6	17.6	—4.4
Cuttack	90	78	T	32.9	—12.3
Ranchi	83	70	1.5	23.5	+1.7
Patna	91	77	0.1	9.7	—7.7
Gorakhpur	92	78	0.3	12.5	—5.1
Benares	93	78	0.4	13.1	—1.2
Allahabad	97	82	T	4.5	—7.7
Cawnpore	97	82	T	4.5	—7.7
Lucknow	94	81	—	8.1	—5.7
Jhansi	94	81	—	11.0	—2.5
Agra	100	83	—	3.2	—0.6
Bareilly	95	80	—	15.4	—0.5
Dehra Dun	89	74	—	27.2	—1.4
Delhi	94	79	T	4.7	
Ludhiana	88	80	0.2	13.0	+3.8
Lahore	93	79	—	4.3	—1.7
Sialkot	88	77	—	11.3	+2.6
Multan	98	76	0.3	0.7	—1.3
Srinagar	87	64	T	3.9	—0.5
Peshawar	94	79	—	1.3	
Dehra Ismail Khan	95	81	—	2.2	—0.1
Fort Sandeman	95	74	—	2.9	+0.7
Quetta	92	69	—	0.6	
Rangoon	85	75	0.6	40.5	+5.1
Khandwa	97	74	0.3	19.5	+6.9
Jubbulpore	88	77	—	18.3	—3.0
Nagpur	89	75	—	38.0	+17.7
BOMBAY	84	75	1.1	44.2	+4.5
Ratnagiri	80	70	2.5	9.0	—7.2
Ahmednagar	94	71	—	11.3	+3.4
Poona	82	71	0.1	7.5	—2.9
Sholapur	88	71	0.3	4.4	—3.9
Hyderabad (Dn.)	91	71	0.1	8.3	—1.6
Bangalore	77	65	—	6.0	—0.2
Mysore	80	65	—	7.9	+2.8
Calicut	82	75	0.1	64.4	+5.7
Madras	92	77	T	4.8	—0.1
Shillong	76	65	1.4	25.3	—3.3
Simla	67	59	0.6	20.1	+0.1
Panchmarhi	78	68	T	46.0	+17.4
Kodsikanal	64	62	—	8.7	+0.6
Colombo	85	77	T	10.2	—2.1
Jacobabad	105	84	—	0.1	—0.9
Hyderabad (Sind)	99	81	—	1.6	—1.1
Karachi	88	82	—	2.5	—0.6
Jaipur	93	79	—	8.2	—0.4
Ajmer	89	78	—	5.8	—1.8
Deesa	90	77	T	10.2	+0.9
Rajkot	92	79	—	8.9	—4.1
Ahmedabad	92	79	T	5.2	—8.8
Bhopal	86	76	—	22.2	
Akola	87	79	0.1	16.8	+3.5
Amraoti	87	73	0.5	25.0	+11.1
Indore	85	74	T	21.1	+7.3
Marmagoa	83	72	1.1	50.6	
Malegaon	88	72	—	6.2	—2.1
Mussoorie	70	59	0.1	35.3	+9.9
Mahableshwar	65	61	1.8	110.5	—15.6
Baroda	92	78	—	10.5	
Bahawalpur	99	75	0.4	2.3	+0.2
Belgaum	77	67	0.2	27.6	+6.4
Murree	67	48	—	19.2	+6.1
Cherrapunji	71	66	4.2	150.4	—30.1
Bijapur	84	71	—	4.4	—0.8
Dalhousie	66	61	0.3	15.0	—8.0
Mount Abu	71	65	0.4	9.3	—12.0
Ootacamund	63	60	0.1	14.7	+1.0
Jodhpur	94	80	—	2.6	—1.7

T indicates rainfall from 1 to 4 cents.

POONA WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA : July 25.

The monsoon has been active in Northeast India, Berar, Konkan and Hyderabad. Local rain has also occurred in East United Provinces, Kumaon Hills, East Central India, East Central Provinces, East Punjab, Kashmir, Bombay Deccan, Malabar and North Madras Coast and a few falls in West Central Provinces, Southwest Punjab, Baluchistan, Rajputana and Madras Deccan.

Heavy Rainfall Warning.—Locally heavy rain is likely in Southwest Bengal, Orissa during the next 36 hours and extend in East Central Provinces within 48 hours.—A. P.

LONDON SEEDS
London : July 24.

Rozario Santa Fe unquoted
Barletta Russo 30/6 July quoted
South Australian parcels shipment F.O.B. 26/9 July quoted.

LONDON RUBBER
London : July 24.

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb. 12-7/16 sellers.

POONA CITY FATHERS CENSURE JEDHE

Echo Of Reception To Congress President

(From Our Correspondent)
POONA, July 25.

Mr. Raghunathrao Walvekar, Vice-President of Poona City Municipality, was elected President of the Municipality for one year at a specially called general meeting of the body held to-day.

The meeting after a heated debate passed a resolution deprecating the alleged behaviour of Mr. K. M. Jedhe this afternoon at the reception accorded to Maulana Azad on Poona station platform.

It was alleged that while Mr. Walvekar along with some other "rebel" members of the Municipal Congress Party was passing through the crowds assembled to garland the Congress President on behalf of the Municipality, Mr. Jedhe obstructed him, snatched the garland and trampled on it.

Mr. Atre speaking on the motion refuted the claim that a garland was being presented on behalf of the Municipality and said that it was neither snatched nor trampled upon but fell down in the melee.

Sixteen members of the official Congress Party left the House under the leadership of Mr. Atre before the motion was put to the House.

NEW FIELD FOR TRIBESMEN

SIMLA, July 25.

As part of Government's plan to wean the tribesmen away from hostile activities, eleven Frontier platoons, or 300 men, of the Frontier Scouts are being enlisted from among them. A certain number of them have also been enlisted in the police forces. There are already Mahsud Labour battalions of 300 men mainly engaged in construction of buildings in North Waziristan.

The Orakzais and the Kohat Pass Afridis are the main trans-border tribesmen who are being recruited to the regular army, while a certain number of Mahsuds are in the Mechanical Transport.—A. P.

FAKIR OF IPI STILL AT DAREKHELA

SIMLA, July 25.

Though there have been reports that the Fakir of Ipi intends to leave for some destination in South Waziristan, so far as is known he is still in Darekhela and up to two days ago he was continuing to busy himself with the settlement of cases and enforcement of his decisions.

Some of his agents by their high-handed action are said to have caused some tribal discontent. One report states that on July 12 at Darekhela, a Daur assisted by a Maddakhel killed an individual on suspicion that he was engaged in activities against the Fakir's interests. The Fakir is reported to be considerably disturbed by this murder and to have detained the two men concerned for enquiries.

The general Frontier situation has been remarkably steady during the past few weeks.—A. P.

Princes To Keep Away From Expanded Viceregal Cabinet

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT ALONE CAN FORCE STATES TO INCREASE ASSOCIATION OF SUBJECTS IN ADMINISTRATION

(From Our Correspondent).
RAJKOT, July 25.

H. H. Jamsaheb of Nawanagar, the Chancellor of the Chamber of Princes, returned from Simla, after his interview with the Viceroy, about a week ago.

I gathered from closely connected circles that the Chancellor has not quite agreed to accept the proposal of representation on the Viceroy's Executive Council, if it is to be merely expanded.

This does not mean that the Princely representative will not work on the Defence Council, as during the last world war.

It is further said that the Princes hesitate to accept any such temporary arrangement, because they fear that their co-operation, even during the period of emergency, might be calculated as a precedent, in the future formation of an All-India Constitution."

ATTITUDE OF STATES

It is reported that the Princes prefer to give their mite in the "efficient prosecution of the War," without undertaking any responsibility at the Centre. The age-old suspicion of the Congress, is also considered as a 'preventive' element in the States circles and unless the Political deadlock in British India, is solved and an understanding arrived at between the India Government and the various parties, the Princes will continue the present policy and help the Government as they are doing at present.

VICEROY'S ADVICE

In answer to my query, for the verification of the report that the Viceroy has brought pressure to bear on the Princes to liberalise their administrations, by associating their people with the governance of their respective States, I am told by persons, who are supposed to be in the know of facts, that the Viceroy has been hinting to this effect long since, but unless the Political Department shows keen interest in this regard and shows inclination to mean business, the States will never act upto it.

Defence Loans Come Up To Nearly 2 Crores

Kuthar State Organises Sweepstake: R. W. I. Turf Club's Decision

SIMLA, July 25.

A Press Communique says:—

The total amounts subscribed to the various Defence Loans till the 19th July, 1940, are as follows:

Interest-free Defence Bonds	...	Rs. 1,25,69,000
Three per cent Defence Bonds	...	Rs. 50,61,000
Post Office ten-year Defence Savings Certificates		Rs. 33,19,000.

—A. P.

Sweepstake For War Fund

LAHORE, July 25.

Kuthar State in Simla hills has organised a sweepstake at Kuthar in aid of the War Fund. It will be drawn two days before the "Empire Plate" race which will be run at Calcutta on September 7. —A.P.

Send-Off To Dewas Red Cross Detachment

INDORE, July 25.

A Dewas (Senior) Red Cross detachment left Indore this afternoon to join active service. His Highness the Maharaja of Dewas (Senior), the hon'ble the President in Central India, and high officials were present at the station to give them a send-off.

The Resident in a brief speech expressed his confidence that the detachment would not only maintain the high traditions but also enhance the glory of the Dewas State and his Majesty's Army.—A. P.

LAHORE AERODROME DECLARED PROTECTED AREA

LAHORE, July 25.

The Lahore Civil Aerodrome has been declared a protected place under the Defence of India Rules. No one can enter the aerodrome area except with a permit issued by the Aerodrome Officer.—A. P.

Movements Of Frontier Gangs

PESHAWAR, July 25.

Movements of small gangs of nostiles are reported on the borders of Bannu and Dera Ismail Khan districts.

Police constabulary and other Government forces are keeping a careful watch on the movements, which at present are confined to the tribal territory.

Conflicting reports have been received about the whereabouts of Mehhdil and his gang who, according to a Bannu message established their headquarters in the caves of Tangikula.—A. P.

OPEN BADMINTON CHAMPIONSHIPS

To-day's Programme

P. J. HINDU GYMKHANA COURT—
5-30 p.m. K. G Shah and M. L Chaudhari Vs. R. G. Gorakshaker and Partner.
5-30 p.m. V. R. Amladi and S. R. Kalambe Vs. M. N. Desai and Partner.
6-10 p.m. Miss Bocarro and Miss Katker Vs Mrs. M. Gupte and Partner.
6-30 p.m. C. Gomes and E. J. Carvalho Vs. 'C' Pair
6-50 p.m. H. Frenchman and L. R Agasker Vs. Harchandsingh and V. V. Deshpande.
7-15 p.m. C. Gomes Vs. K. R Lotwala.

PARSEE GYMKHANA COURT—
5-45 p.m. D. P. Asar and Partner Vs. V. B. Soman and W. W. Dukie.
6-5 p.m. B. D. Kasbekar and V. N. Pathare Vs. D. G. Mugve and M. G. Mugve.
6-25 p.m. V. N. Iyer and C. S. Gopal Vs. L. M. Khatau and Partner.
6-45 p.m. B. D. Shroff and Partner Vs. V. V. Dhurandhar and Partner.
7-5 p.m. M. N. Kurup and Partner Vs. A. S. Nagarkatti and S. M. Katker.
7-30 p.m. S. A. Sheth and M. T. Parikh Vs. R. N. Kanga and J. R. Vimadalal.

ISLAM GYMKHANA COURT—
5-45 p.m. B. R. Agasker and J Agnel Vs. T. S. Mohile and Partner.
6-5 p.m. Atmaram and Shamdas Vs. D. Kapadia and P. G. Goregaonker.
6-25 p.m. A. V. Ullal and K. R. Lotwalla Vs. B. C. Shah and B. P. Kapadia.
6-45 p.m. Miss Veena Desai and Mrs. Diwan Vs. Miss S. Bhave and Partner.
7-5 p.m. D. M. Bhatia and R. B. Sagreiya Vs. S. N. Yederi and N. Amrithrao.
7-30 p.m. V. N. Mehta and Partner Vs B. P. Koppiker and Partner (Mixed Doubles).

I. F. A. SHIELD TOURNAMENT

CALCUTTA, July 25.

The following are the results of matches played in the I.F.A. Shield Tournament this evening :
Delhi Football Association 0
Town Club (Khulna) 0.
Bangalore Muslim Club 3.
Hooghly Central Association 0.
Aryans 3
B. N. Railway 0.—A. P.

USE BHARAT
Your Own LAMPS
GUARANTEED for 1,000 hours' average life and low consumption
For District Agency apply to
Sole Distributors:
THE COMMERCIAL TRADING CO.,
Bhawanisankar Road, Dadar
Bombay.

GREY HAIR
GULIYAN'S HAIR DYE TREE BRAND *TO DYE ONCE A MONTH ONLY. A boon to ladies with long hair,*—no staining of skin,—no smell—makes hair beautiful, black, soft, glossy. Dye penetrates through the roots, stimulates natural pigment—dyed hair not affected by sea or other Baths—does not produce headaches, swelling of face, cold—stiffness of Jaws. Rs. Nine per dozen. V. P. extra. TWENTY GULIYAN'S STORES, PANCHGANI, via POONA. *Or in Bombay from :—Kemp & Co., Monji Visram, Juma Masjid.—Akbarally, Phirozshah Mehta Road, Fort.—Perry Co., Grant Road.—Oomrigar Co., Crawford Market.—Agents Wanted everywhere.*

DON'T NEGLECT BLEEDING GUMS

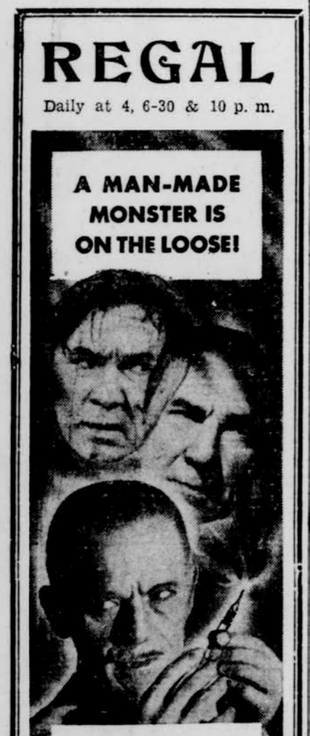
. . . THEY MAY LEAD TO PYORRHOEA!
Save Your Teeth with FORHAN'S
Only Forhan's brand original dentifrice contains a special anti-pyorrhoea astringent!

Bleeding gums may be the first symptom of pyorrhoea, that dread disease that may eventually cause the loss of perfectly sound teeth. Your dentist will tell you that to *prevent* pyorrhoea, gums must be firm and healthy. Forhan's is the *only* dentifrice containing the special ingredient, originated by Dr. R. J. Forhan, that *strengthens* your gums and promotes healthy circulation. This famous astringent is actually used by thousands of dentists at the chair.
See your dentist and follow his advice. Protect your teeth. Use Forhan's regularly, night and morning. This famous toothpaste also removes the stains and dullness from your teeth—renders them sparkling white and attractive. Start using Forhan's toothpaste today. See that all your family use it!
"BRUSH YOUR TEETH NOW WITH FORHAN'S" R. J. Forhan D.D.S.

METRO
DAILY AT 3-30 - 6-30 - 10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045
2ND WEEK 2ND
At Last! ON THE SCREEN!

2ND WEEK!

EVEN GIRLS WHO HAVEN'T ANY . . . WILL AGREE THAT TWO'S TOO MANY!
WESLEY RUGGLES
Too Many Husbands
Starring JEAN ARTHUR
FRED MacMURRAY - DOUGLAS MELLEN
Based on the play by W. Somerset Maugham
A COLUMBIA PICTURE
NEW EMPIRE
4, 6-30 & 10 p. m.

REGAL
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p. m.


Also Special Topical
"ROAD TO VICTORY"

"We Who Have No Tomorrows Must Take Our Love Today!"

. . . The stars and heart-throbs of "Wuthering Heights" join the stars and thrills of "The Fighting 69th" to make 1940's prize dramatic hit!

MERLE OBERON · GEORGE BRENT
'TIL WE MEET AGAIN
— PAT O'BRIEN
GERALDINE FITZGERALD
BINNIE BARNES · FRANK McHUGH
Directed by EDMUND GOULDING · Screen Play by Warren Duff · From an Original Story by Robert Lord
A WARNER BROS. First National Picture
EXCELSIOR
4, 6-30 & 10 p. m.

BOMBAY and SUBURBS

Local Engagements

To-day

Hindu : Ashad Vad 7, 1996
Muslim : Jamadi-ul-Akhar 20, 1359
Parsi : Bahman 25, 1309
Hightide : 3-49; 15-43
Lowtide : 9-19; 22-22
Sunrise : 6h. 14m.
Sunset : 7h. 17m.

MESSAGE OF BHAGAWAT GITA

Under the auspices of Brahman Sabha of Thana, Swami Sambuddhanand, President of Ramakrishna Ashram, Khar will deliver lec- Ramakrishna Ashram, Khar will deliver a lec- Brahman Sabha Hall, Thana, to-day (Friday) at 8-45 p.m. (S.T.).

'G' WARD DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE

A meeting of the Council of Management of the 'G' Ward District Congress Committee was held on Wednesday in the Congress Committee's Office but it was adjourned on account of the arrest of Mr. P. K. Kurane and Mr. M. N. Valanju, two of the members of the Managing Council of the 'G' Ward District Congress Committee, under the Defence of India Act. The adjourned meeting will be held on Saturday, the 27th instant at 8-30 p.m.

FLAG SALUTATION IN 'G' WARD

A monthly flag salutation will take place in 'G' Ward on Sunday, the 28th instant at 8 a.m. in 'G' Ward District Congress Committee's office. Sjt. I. S. Patel will unfurl the National Flag.

SCIENCE WITHOUT TEARS

To-day (Friday) at 4-20 p.m. the Bombay Station will broadcast another of John Rowden's experiments on dramatised science teaching. He will bring the great renaissance of Galileo Scientist to the microphone to tell children about his own theories. The famous English poet, John Milton, will be another character in the play.

HINDU DEEN DAYA SANGH

The Joint Honorary Secretary, Hindu Deen Daya Sangh, Bombay, writes: "It was recently published by mistake in some papers that Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai, the President of the Hindu Deen Daya Sangh, in the annual general meeting of the Sangh held on 21-7-1940, announced donations amounting to Rs. 50,000. This may be corrected as "donations amounting to Rs. 5,000 (five thousand)."

Amusements Of The Day

CAPITOL—"The Flying Deuces" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Black Friday". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Northwest Passage" 2nd week. Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Til We Meet Again". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Too Many Husbands" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Woman" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Soubhagya" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
WEST END—"Ardhangi" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Bahurani" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Andhi" Daily at 4-45, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Dnyaneshwar" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY WOMEN'S COUNCIL

An 'At Home' will be held at the Town Hall, to-day (Friday) at 5-15 p.m., which will be followed by a lecture on "Health Insurance Scheme for Bombay" by Dr. F. N. A. Moos, M.D., (Lond.).

A. R. P. MEETING

A public meeting of the residents of A. R. P. District No. 7 (Grant Road-Tardeo-Chowpatty Area), will be held at the Malabari Memorial Hall of the Seva Sadan, Gamdevi, to-day (Friday) at 6-30 p.m. when Mr. Naushir Bharucha, the Divisional Warden for A.R.P. District No. 7 will speak on the Progress of Civil Defence Scheme of the Government in the Area. The subject will be illustrated with slides and the meeting is open to all.

POSTAL NOTICE

Mail service to France, Corsica, Algeria and Tunis has been temporarily suspended. No postal articles, or money orders, from the public for these countries will be accepted. Those which have already been accepted, but have not left India will, if possible, be returned to the senders.

GRANTS TO MARATHI SCHOOLS IN SIND

Mr. G. V. Patwardhan, Secretary, Samyukta Maharastra Sabha has sent a telegram to the Sind Premier protesting against Government's policy of stopping grants of the Marathi schools.

K. T. SHAH'S CANDIDATURE

Mr. K. T. Shah, whose term of office expires, but who is re-eligible, is offering himself for re-election of the Bombay University Senate from the constituency of Registered Graduates.

COMMISSIONER'S ROUND IN WARD NO. 4.

If there be no heavy rains, the Commissioner will meet the elected members of Ward No. 4, to-morrow (Saturday) at 6-51 a.m. (B.T.) at Junction of Chinch Bunder Road and Sandhurst Road (near Petrol Station) and go round with them in the Ward.

RADICAL CONGRESSMEN'S MEETING

Mr. V. B. Karnik, the General Secretary of the All-India League of Radical Congressmen writes:—

A joint meeting of the representatives of the Gujarat, Bombay, Maharastra and Karnataka Provincial Leagues of Radical Congressmen will be held at Poona on 28th July in the office of the Poona L. R. C.

The representatives are requested to communicate the date and time of their arrival to the Secretary, Poona L.R.C., Mouli Chowk, Ravivar Peth, Poona City.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

Mr. and Mrs. N. Vintcent lunched at Government House on Thursday.

Sir Dinshaw and Lady Petit and Mr. C. J. Damala dined at Government House on Thursday.

LECTURE ON VEDANTA PHILOSOPHY

Swami Sambuddhananda of the Ramakrishna Mission, Khar, will deliver a public lecture on 'Vedanta Philosophy' at Batliboi's Accountancy Institute, Prescott Road, Fort, to-morrow (Saturday) at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.).

Is Your THROAT SORE?

YOUR throat is the "danger spot" where the germs of infection enter your system and cause laryngitis, tonsilitis, quinsy, etc. So, be sure to cure your throat soreness quickly and thus avoid complications. You will do this best by taking Peps antiseptic breatheable tablets.
Dissolved in your mouth, a Peps releases rich, medicinal essences, which mix with your breath and are carried deep into your lungs. Thus the irritated membranes of the throat are soothed and strengthened, inflammation reduced and infectious germs completely overcome. Peps are pleasant to taste, yet far more lasting than gargles. Also for coughs, colds, chills, etc.
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She Carried Torch Of Congress Among Muslim Women

TRIBUTES TO MEMORY OF LATE MRS. ABID ALI

The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee write:—

We have learnt with deep regret and sorrow of the premature and sad death of Mrs. Johra Abid Ali, the wife of our friend and co-worker Mr. Abid Ali Jafarbhai, who died on Wednesday afternoon, after an operation performed on her a few days earlier. Mrs. Johra Abid Ali was one of the active members of the Bombay Sevika Dal of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and in this capacity she rendered to the Congress very valuable services. She was very popular among the women Congress workers in this City, and outside. Her services to the Congress were all the more important, in view of the fact that she was one of the very few Muslim women workers who had been entrusted with the difficult task of spreading Congress activities among Muslim women in the City. Before she joined the Bombay Sevika Dal, Mrs. Abid Ali worked as a Congress Desh Sevika for almost a decade. She was one of the lady cadets at Matunga Camp in the year 1931. A silent and unostentatious worker, Mrs. Abid Ali was an example to all lady workers in the field of public work. She was a great lover of Khadi and never failed to take part in activities calculated to encourage the spread of Khaddar. She participated in the C. D. movements in 1930 and 1932 by taking part in picketing.

In Mrs. Abid Ali's death, the Congress has lost a most useful and valuable lady worker. Her death will no doubt be a great shock to Mr. Abid Ali. We have no doubt that brave as he is, he will be able to overcome the grief, which we assure him, is shared by his numerous friends in this City and outside. On behalf of the Congress, we offer Mr. Abid Ali our sincere and heartfelt condolences.

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INDIAN DANCES
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of Uday Shankar Troupe
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FELLOWSHIP SCHOOL
Gowalia Tank Bombay
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TO EVERY LOVER OF SCREEN ART
You are requested to be present at the celebrations of the Premiere of
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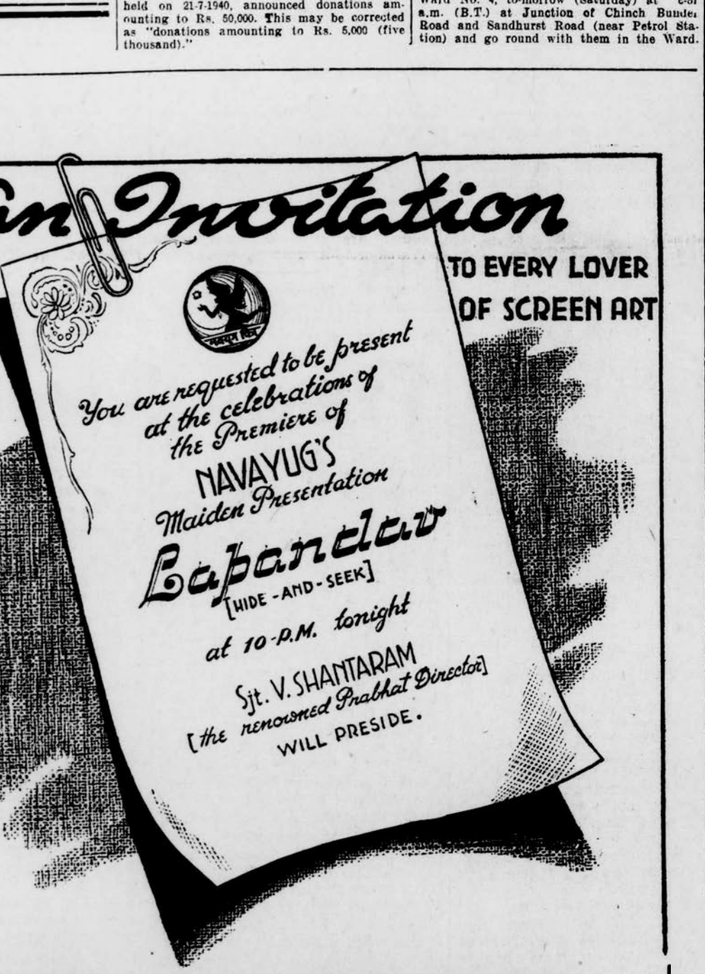
[HIDE-AND-SEEK]
at 10-P.M. tonight
Sjt. V. SHANTARAM
[the renowned Prabhat Director]
WILL PRESIDE.

STARRING MEENAXEE VANMALA WINAYAK PENDHARKAR WITH SALVI and PAWAR
STORY BY P. K. ATRE
PRODUCED BY BABURAO PENDHARKAR
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GALA PREMIERE 10 P. M. TO-NIGHT
AT
NEW WEST END
From to-morrow daily 4, 7, 9-45 p. m.
Sat., Sun., Holiday Matinee 1-30 p. m.
Released thru. PEERLESS PICTURES, Bombay 4.

CUT IN RACE EARNINGS

BOMBAY, July 24.

The Committee of the Royal Western India Turf Club, with the approval of its members, has decided as a war measure to increase the Commission on investments made through the medium of the totalizator by an additional one per cent.

This one per cent will be donated 'in toto' to the Bombay Provincial War Gifts Fund. The Turf Club will donate an equal amount from their funds to the War Gifts Fund.

It is estimated that this would yield approximately five lakhs of rupees.—A. P.

Motor Runs Into Victoria

The black-out due to air-raid precautions came as a god-send to the owner-driver of a motor car, who knocked to bits, hack victoria No. 1960 at Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road, and made good his escape with a yelling crowd behind him shouting at him to stop.

When the Police Sergeant on duty tried to get the number from the chasing crowd, no two people agreed as to its number, on the plea that the car was speeding away and it was difficult to decipher the number due to the black-out.

The companion of the Victoria driver was thrown off his balance and sustained injuries and was removed to the hospital.

The driver of the Victoria was put under arrest as he had no licence.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN)

A course of instructions in Home Nursing under the auspices of St. John's Ambulance Association, will be held every Monday and Thursday, starting from Monday next at 6-15 p.m. The instructions will be conducted by Dr. Mrs. Dubash.

The classes have specially been arranged for lady members of the A. R. P. organisation, but other ladies may also join. No fees will be charged, but rupee one for an Home Nursing Instruction Book and Rupee One examination fee must be paid in advance.

Widow Remarriage Act Anniversary

The 54th anniversary of the passing of the Hindu Widows' Remarriage Act was celebrated at Prarthana Samaj on Thursday evening. The Hon. Mr. Justice Divetia presided.

Mr. Divetia regretted that in spite of the enactment of the Widow Remarriage Bill, widow-marriage was still unpopular. Unless the environment and social conditions improved, many women would not take advantage of this Act. He made an appeal for help in the creation of such an atmosphere in Hindu Society.

Among other speakers were Sir Sitaram Patkar, Prof. Mud Bhavi, Mr. Mahide and Mrs. Shantabai Khashalkar.

Surprise 'Raid' On Bombay

Perfect A. R. P. Preparations

For the first time since the A. R. P. demonstrations were started in the city, there was a surprise 'raid' to-day. Though it was notified through the Press and other sources that an Air Raid practice would be held during the day, the public had no knowledge of the time and hour when it would take place.

At 3-15 p.m., the wails of the sirens were heard throughout the city and in response to the hooting signals people dispersed from the streets, trams, gharries and motor cars and ran for shelter into the porches and corridors of nearby buildings.

All traffic stopped in the twinkling of an eye and vehicles pulled up to the left.

For exactly thirty minutes, the entire city was under cover and a dead silence prevailed.

NO FLAMES IN FORT

Aeroplanes it is said were seen hovering in the skies, presumably bombing important objectives, but in the Fort area where a representative of "The Chronicle" took shelter not a single plane was sighted. As a matter of fact people in this locality wondered as to why the grey R.A.F. bomber which flew over the city during previous demonstrations was not to be seen to-day.

Fire engines and other A.R.P. paraphernalia were seen in motion at several places in the course of the thirty minutes practice. It is said that hypothetical damage and casualties at specified centres were very successfully dealt with. But when Press reporters called at the A.R.P. Office it was not possible to get any information.

The public by now have got used to dummy raids and behave as perfectly as required in a real emergency.

New Zealand

The beautiful forests, lakes and rivers of New Zealand, its lofty mountains and glaciers, together with the life of the picturesque Maori in his native habitat, were the subject matter of an educational film, exhibited by Mr. Perry, at a meeting of the "Toc H" on Thursday night at the C. M. House. Mr Perry also exhibited a film of the city and rural life of Australia.

In thanking Mr. Perry, Canon George Clark, Principal of Robert Money School, said that side by side with the entertainment it gave, he hoped that the film enlarged the knowledge of geography of those who saw it.

Security Demanded From 'Cutch Azad'

The keeper, and printer and publisher of a Gujarati weekly called "Cutch Azad", were served with a notice this evening to deposit securities of Rs. 3,000 each with the Government of Bombay, as they are alleged to have printed some objectionable articles.

There's more in face powder than meets the eye
When you choose your powder, the very first question you should ask is "*Does this powder contain any materials which will swell when moistened?*"
Why is this question so terribly important? Because it is impossible to prevent tiny grains of powder from getting into your pores, where, naturally, they become moist. If these grains swell, they force open your pores, and leave them permanently enlarged.
Coty "Air Spun" powder contains no materials which swell when moistened. Coty "Air Spun" cannot cause enlarged pores.
Another advantage of the "Air Spun" process is that colours can be better blended. There are many subtle shades in the Coty "Air Spun" range that simply can't be got in ordinary powder. There are subtle new tones even in such popular and fashionable shades as Rachel and Naturelle. Ask to see them.
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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, JULY 26, 1940.

ISSUES BEFORE A. I. C. C.

Vital issues will arise at the meeting of the All-India Congress Committee to be held on Saturday in connection with the Working Committee's decision not to extend the scope of the Congress creed of non-violence to the spheres of the defence of the country against foreign aggression and internal disorders. The decision cannot but come up before the A. I. C. C. for endorsement just as the question of non-violence could not but be decided one way or other by the Working Committee. The possibility of internal disorders on a large scale is a remote contingency and does not by itself demand an immediate and final decision of the A. I. C. C. with regard to the use of violence to face them. But the negotiations already going on with Government demanded a clear and immediate answer to the question whether, in the event of a settlement between the Congress and Government, the former would actively help in the prosecution of war. Thus the Committee cannot be justly charged with having needlessly raised an issue threatening a split in the Congress.

Inescapable Decision

Nor could the Committee, in the present conditions and without a mandate from the country, renounce the time-honoured methods of resisting foreign aggression. We are perfectly certain that, at present, no Provincial Government in the country venturing to renounce completely the use of arms in combating grave disorders, will get the support of the Legislature under a free vote. Moreover, all these months of the war Congress leaders from one end of the country to another publicly proclaimed repeatedly that, if only India were declared free, they would secure maximum support from the country. Nobody except Gandhiji believed this was a promise for only moral support. In these circumstances it was impossible for the Working Committee to act otherwise than it did. It should be superfluous for us to repeat that we fully realise the claims of non-violence. We also honour those like Gandhiji who would exclusively rely on non-violence in all spheres of life. But those who cannot go so far with him at present—they may be 99 per cent., of the population for aught we know—should be permitted not to destroy the time-honoured material wall of defence before they have built up at least an equally strong spiritual citadel.

Do Not Reverse It

It follows from the above that the Working Committee's decision should not be reversed. It is feared by some that if the decision is endorsed by the A. I. C. C. leaders like Babu Rajendra Prasad, who refrained from voting at the last meeting of the Working Committee on the non-violence issue, may have to follow Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan in resigning from the Committee. But we do not think that their resignation is morally obligatory. Resignation would become obligatory if a member were called upon, in the immediate future, to do, or assume responsibility for doing, something repugnant to his conscience. The Working Committee's decision is conditional and is to take effect either if Government come to a settlement with the Congress or if a failure of Civil Government gives rise to grave internal disorders. Since Government have shown no sign of making a settlement, both the contingencies mentioned above seem remote and no member of the Working Committee is now called upon to do anything against his conscience. It is, therefore, unnecessary and unwise for any members of the Committee to resign. We believe that considerations like these have enabled the Congress President to say in his press interview that there is little possibility of more resignations.

Rumania And Axis

In her internal affairs Rumania is doing every thing to prove herself a very willing slave of the Axis. And the most conclusive example of it is that her Nazi Government has taken virtually charge of the biggest oil undertaking in Rumania, which is an Anglo-Dutch concern. The arguments which are characteristically German need not be gone into except to emphasise Rumania's subservience to the Axis. But this slavery is evidently not enough. Rumanian statemen, having visited Berlin, have now been summoned by Rome. The object, of course, is to "persuade" Rumania to yield to Hungary's—and probably Bulgaria's—claims. But even this is not enough! If recent reports are correct, Nazi Rumania, after giving up chunks to Hungary and Bulgaria, is to consent to surrender the rest of her to Soviet Russia! How Rumania can agree to all this we do not know.

Meanwhile, news comes from Istanbul that Herr von Papen has unexpectedly left for Berlin. What has he been summoned for? There is, of course, no doubt that the Balkan problem is urgently engaging the attention of the Axis. Herr Hitler is reported to be anxious to secure peace in the East and South-East before he launches his offensive against Britain. But where and how does Turkey come in his plans? There is a suggestion that he himself proposes to march into Turkey and the Middle East. But that will mean a major, and perhaps the main, operation and not peace in the South-East. Moreover, Russia would rather occupy the Dardanelles and absorb Turkey herself than let Germany do so. Then why this Nazi interest in Turkey? Is it that Germany considers the time favourable for egging Russia on to attack, become a menace to the British in the Middle East and, incidentally, set at temporary rest, Herr Hitler's worries in the Balkans?

Anglo-Russian Relations

The Russians, having absorbed Lithuania, Latvia and Estonia, are now turning their attention to Finland. Complaints have already begun, and sooner or later action will be taken the eventual sequel to which will be Finland's absorption. All this need cause no surprise. Even the Moscow correspondent of the London *'Times'* has predicted these developments. Finland's disappearance will be as unjust and regrettable—much more, in fact—than that of the other Baltic States. But it cannot be helped. This brings us to a blunder which the British have just made evidently in imitation of America. It is the Treasury ban on payment or transfer of gold securities belonging to these States. Anglo-Russian relations are still in the stage of extreme delicacy and yet a jolt has been administered which is bound to be exploited by Germany. Secondly, why strain at the knat of Russia's wrong doing having already swallowed the Burma route?

German Colonisation

By MICHAEL VANE

Whereas the Portuguese, Dutch and British first acquired colonial possessions by the enterprise and courage of their pioneers, the Germans acquired theirs about three centuries later, partly by military aggression and partly in exchange as a gift from Britain and France.

South-West Africa was virtually a gift from Britain in 1884. It was handed over against the advice of the Cape Government, which itself had been unable to secure it. Dr. Karl Peters with two confederates acquired Tanganyika by means of a swindle in the same year. The three men went out under false names, disguised as artisans, and secretly conducted treaties with the native chiefs, the territory really belonged to the Sultan of Zanzibar, though the trade was entirely in British-Indian hands. The greater part of the Cameroons was similarly gained from native chiefs who were bribed with money and rum. The remainder of the Cameroons was obtained by Germany from France in 1911 as a price for disinteresting herself in Morocco.

A portion of New Guinea, "Kaiser Wilhelm's Land", was seized by Germany in 1884 after Britain had already claimed it, the British Government refraining from objection to Germany's claim. The islands of Upolo and Savii in Samao were given to Germany by Britain and the United States, as Germany could not co-operate with these nations in governing the islands jointly. Germany seized Kaiuchau from the Chinese in 1898. Heligoland was obtained from Britain in 1891 in connection with the East African settlement.

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In addition to the above possessions, by 1914 Germany had Togoland and a collection of scattered islands. This empire, the third largest in the world, and occupying an area six times the size of Germany itself, was quickly and easily obtained—snatched would be a better word—and it was in many respects very badly governed. Little interest was at first taken by the German Government or public, and the administrations contained a large number of men who were both social and moral failures.

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On August 6th 1884, the German flag was hoisted at Luderitzbucht four centuries after Bartholomew Dias had landed there. Nine years after a series of native wars commenced, which lasted until 1903. Leutwein, the German historian of S.-W. Africa, aptly summarises the achievements of Germany in this respect: "At the cost of several hundreds of million marks and several thousand German soldiers, we have, of the three business assets of the protectate, mining, farming, and native labour, destroyed the second entirely and the third as to two-thirds."

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The German treatment of the Hereros and other natives was utterly brutal and barbaric. When the South African troops marched into Windhoek in 1915, they were greeted by the natives as deliverers, and steps had to be taken to protect German property from the Hereros, so bitter had they become against their former masters. Even the Bastards, the only native tribe to tolerate German rule with equanimity, when ordered to mobilise, deserted. Cornelis van Wyk, their leader, rode secretly to General Botha to assure him of his people's support, then returned to lead them against the Germans.

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The German penetration of Tanganyika, which started in 1884, was marred by continual Arab and native risings. The Germans caused discontent among their native subjects by their totally unsympathetic treatment. Wherever they went, their first act was to build a "boma", or fort, from which, with their ignorance of native control, they more or less governed surrounding tribes. The German administrators hardly ever stirred out of these forts. On those rare occasions when they did tour their districts, they travelled in such a state of majesty that they never got to know when trouble was brewing until it was upon them.

The first native rising was the Bushiri rebellion. Karl Peters had gone to Usagara, where he had made arrangements with the native chiefs.

He had then persuaded Bismarck to grant an imperial charter to a trading company, the main object of which was to exploit the natives. Sultan Bargash, of Zanzibar, refused to recognise these agreements as he already possessed trading rights there but a compromise was eventually reached. Bushiri, a native chief, refused to accept these agreements and revolted. The war dragged on for two years before the natives were finally crushed.

The Chagga chiefs of the Kilimanjaro were the next to revolt, and, after a futile struggle it became evident that a trading company was unsuitable for pacifying the natives of the interior. In 1891, therefore, the German Government took over the administration of the country. A war lasting over two years followed against the Hele of Iringa farther inland. The native chiefs responsible for this rising, when finally defeated, committed suicide rather than suffer capture by the Germans. Seven years later came the Maji-Maji rebellion due to the influence of native rain doctors and medicine men. Preparations for this rising went on for a considerable time without the German administrators having the remotest idea of what was afoot. At a given signal, several German posts were attacked. Punitive forces defeated the rebels, then all native crops were burnt, which resulted in widespread starvation. Hundreds of natives were executed. In all, about 120,000 natives perished.

★

In 1897 Dr. Karl Peters, now Imperial Commissioner in German East Africa, outran even German latitude and was brought before a disciplinary court in Germany. Evidence was given of numerous crimes including terrorism, plunder, flogging, and changing of women and children, forced concubinage and murder. It was proved that he had hanged a native youth for visiting his (Peters') native concubines, and another native for fleeing for protection to a native chief. He caused the latter native to be flogged day after day until his back resembled "chopped meat", before he was executed. Peters was dismissed from the service for giving false reports to his superiors. Yet he was afterwards granted his pension. A statue was erected in his honour at Dar-es-Salam, and Herr Hitler has alluded to him as "a model". If stern, administrator!

As in other German colonies, punitive expeditions against the natives in the Cameroons were frequent here. The first occurred in 1884. After 1888 they were more or less continuous (there were 17 in the 10 years preceding the Great War) and were usually conducted by coloured troops under white officers Jesko von Puttkamer, who was governor of the Cameroons from 1895-1907 was particularly harsh towards the natives. Under a decree of 1896, whipping was made the standard penalty for minor offences. It provided that planters and others wishing to discipline their workers should ask an authorised official to inflict the whippings. But employers of labour were not satisfied with these regulations. They often disregarded them and flogged their natives as they thought necessary.

German rule in Togoland, like that in other parts of Africa, was characterised by its harshness to the natives. The public was excluded from all German courts, every case being tried in camera. This was strongly resented by the natives, who, in their tribal life, are accustomed to having their affairs debated in public. The only good thing that can be said is that after 20 years, Germany succeeded in making the colony self-supporting. This is noteworthy, because no other German colony attained that position.

The only colony of any size that the Germans did not grossly misgovern was Kaiser Wilhelm's land in New Guinea. The reason for their failure to engage in numerous exterminating war against the natives there, was probably the fact that by 1906 there were only 149 white inhabitants. The territory was useless to Germany, and was annexed only so that Germans could boast of the large portions of the earth's surface belonging to them. They never developed Kaiser Wilhelm's Land. After the Great War, the white population increased rapidly, and by 1937 had risen to 4,332 including 469 Germans.

"Non-Violent Resistance"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—I cannot sufficiently thank you for the prominence which you gave to my letter, and its notice in your second article on "Non-violent Resistance".

I know that you cannot be expected to allow me to carry on a controversy indefinitely on what is ultimately a matter of opinion. But please allow me just to make a few points clear.

Let me assure you that in using the expression "aspirant for power", I did not suggest anything unsavoury. The Congress has been fighting for the country's independence, and what is independence but aspiration for power? It is quite a legitimate and even noble aspiration, and the Congress is not wrong in having it,—if it bides its time.

You have compared the war to an epidemic. In practical matters analogies are rather unsatisfactory. But I accept it and say that if it is an epidemic, it is one which principally attacks gold, and in order to reach it destroys everything else standing in the way. And in order to save it, walls have to be built with the bones and blood of the very people, who were employed to dig it out but never wanted or possessed it, and who would never be the victims of epidemic, but for having to associate with people who want or possess the gold. What is war, if it is not taxing, killing and endangering diggers of gold to safeguard the seekers and possessors of it?

As between violence and non-violence in relation to victory and cost, I think that it is possible to say this much with confidence, if not more namely. (a) that non-violence can be organised with less cost and less resort to coercion than violence; (b) that unsuccessful violence is more disastrous than unsuccessful non-violent resistance; and (c) that successful violence leaves the State weaker and more liable to recurrent out-breaks of the war epidemic while successful non-violence brings to it strength and immunity against relapse.

Your explanation of your remark regarding Peace Brigades reveals that you are still unconscious of the censure implied in it. Let me explain. We all know that Gandhiji has built the modern Congress. But Gandhiji could not have built it, except for the unstinted and loyal collaboration of so many leaders and workers of All-India and provincial importance. Without meaning any belittlement of others, it would not be wrong to say that of these leaders, those known as Gandhiites were very important, as they were never in opposition to him in any matter. If he had not obtained any response from them in the various political or "constructive" movements started by him, he would have been obliged to say that every one of them had proved to be a complete failure. But, fortunately, in every one of them he got able and willing colleagues, who laboured hard to make his programme successful. Just as he had placed his other programmes, he also placed his Peace Brigade programme before the Congress and the Gandhi Seva Sangh. So far as Gandhiji was concerned, he did not spare himself in his efforts. But it was we, who would not respond. For the first time, perhaps, he found that we had become either deaf or dull-headed. We were with him, when other leaders were laughing at his "charkha" and "Swaraj within a year" programmes, as "unpractical ideas". But when he put forth the Peace Brigade programme, out of civility we did not laugh at it, but nevertheless considered it "unpractical", and declined to move even a little finger for it. What else, then, could he report to the nation except its "complete failure"?

You have now expressed an earnest desire that these should be formed now. But is it possible that a psychology of No-violence can be successfully created side by side with that of organising *armies* for self-defence "in the traditional way", under the auspices of the same or a co-operating institution?

It is possible only if the A. I. C. C. reassures the Working Committee that the latter is mistaken in its estimate of the country's necessity to resort to "traditional ways", or lack of faith in non-violence; that weak or strong, the Congress must not wish to re-

(Continued on page 7, col. 7)

Frankly Speaking

American Aid

Representatives of Britain and key figures in the United States defence programme met in conference the other day to discuss the problem of the acceleration of plane deliveries to Britain "without impeding the United States' preparedness drive". The earlier press report of what transpired at the Conference led us to suspect that the decision to give "all possible aid" to Britain really implied the difficulty of reconciling British with American needs and that the U. S. defence programme was going to impede plane deliveries to Britain. But the suspicion appears to be unjust to America, unless Lord Beaverbrook's broadcast is both exaggerated and unauthorised. According to him, Mr. Morgenthau has informed Canada that the U. S. would produce 3,000 planes monthly for Britain "in addition to our present orders." If this is true, Britain, before long, will command decisive mastery in the air. Meanwhile, an American expert believes that Germany is not strong enough to break the present British defensive air power

A Wise Decision

The Bengal Government have acted wisely in deciding to remove the Holwell monument. By doing this early enough they would have spared themselves and the public a great deal of trouble. Now at least they should realise the value of timely justice or concessions. There should be no avoidable delay in the removal of the monument, nor in the release of men imprisoned for offering Satyagraha in this connection. Though no specific reason was given by the Government for imprisoning Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, it was obvious from the time and circumstances of his arrest that he was proceeded against for his decision to start Satyagraha for the removal of the monument. His release, therefore, must not be delayed.

One Rupee Notes

The Government have issued one-rupee notes as an emergency measure to meet abnormal demand for silver coin or change for notes of larger denominations. The one-rupee notes issued yesterday might well have been issued much earlier when Government made successful efforts to supply as much silver coin as was necessary to meet 'bona fide' demand. They must continue to make special efforts to supply as much silver coin as is needed for 'bona fide' demand.

Wanted Better Quality

As regards the quality of the rupee notes issued yesterday, they are too small to be convenient or impressive, not being much larger than the stamps of higher denominations. They are also too flimsy to last long. In the wet season their wear and tear is likely to be rapid. We hope the fresh issues will be of a larger size and of tougher paper. Books containing ten or twenty notes may well be supplied to those who fancy them.

NO STAIN OF BLOOD

For The First Time In History There Was No Lynching In The U. S. A. Last Year

In the year that ended at midnight of May 8 not one person was lynched in the United States. Last year there were three. Statistics of this crime began with 1882. The most hideous year was 1892, which saw 231 lynchings. In the time of the opening of the West to settlement, horse thieves and cattle rustlers were the chief victims. After the War between the States illiteracy and a low economic condition, frequent or usual concomitants or causes of mob violence, made the South, and especially the thinly populated and ill-policed parts of it, the favorite territory of lynchers.

WOMEN'S ASSOCIATION.

The main effort to root out an evil that seemed to have become inveterate began soon after the close of the World War with the establishment of the Commission on Inter-racial Co-operation and the creation in 1920 of the Department of Woman's Work. In 1929 there were but ten lynchings. In 1930 they more than doubled to twenty-one. As a result the Association of Southern Women for the Prevention of Lynching was formed. It was widely and effectively organized with a central committee, with State Committees in thirteen States and with co-operating units in hundreds of counties.

REMARKABLE JOB.

This association has worked intelligently and vigorously. It has carried on an educational canvass. It has intervened where trouble between persons of the two races has broken out. It has condemned public officers, cowardly or remiss in resisting mob law, and commended those prompt and courageous in enforcing the law of the State. The association has done a remarkable job. It has given the United States for the first time a record unstained by a long-standing disgrace. These women are to be greatly honoured for they have done much to end a national dishonour.—New York Times.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

LONDON, July 25.

The Moscow radio last night accused the Finnish Social Democratic Party of having launched a campaign against "The Society for Friendship with the Soviet Union" which, it was stated, "is enjoying an increasing popularity amongst Finnish workers and has already enlisted 3,000 members.—Reuter.

* * * *

According to Sir Ali Mahomed Khan Dehlavi, Maulana Abul Kalam gets "on the nerves of all honest Musalmans, and rightly too."

One should forgive an old man like Sir Ali Mahomed—although only a three year old in Muslim politics—many things including theories about "honest" Muslims. You see, one is liable to hurt him.

* * * *

"Let no one deceive himself by thinking that because the scene of battle was far off, its consequences were remote."

—Sir John Herbert, Governor of Bengal.

This is more or less what a whole world of casandras insistently urged upon Mr. Neville Chamberlain in his appeasing days.

* * * *

Lord Beaverbrook has announced that the United States would produce 3,000 planes monthly for Britain "in addition to our present orders."

We do hope Lord Beaverbrook made this statement as a Minister and not as—er—a well-known Press Baron.

* * * *

Summoned by Herr Hitler, Herr von Papen has left Istanbul unexpectedly for Berlin.

What, one wonders is coming to Turkey?

And will it be via Moscow or direct from Berlin?

* * * *

SUEZ CANAL CO.

200 Egyptians To Replace Dismissed Italians.

—Headlines.

It takes a war for Egyptians to come into their own——a bit.

* * * *

President Roosevelt told Pressmen that 50 per cent of Danish cattle, hogs and poultry have been killed and the carcasses sent to Germany.

The distinguished American ought to know that it is in accordance with the best traditions of gangsterism that the protected must pay for protection.

* * * *

The Rumanian Premier and Foreign Minister have now been invited to Rome.

We hope the triangle will be completed very soon by an invitation to Moscow. After which.... well R.I.P.

* * * *

During the 80 air raids which Italy has carried out on Malta, 12 Italian planes have been brought down and 9 severely damaged.

The British loss has been one plane.

From the above figures you will promptly rush to a conclusion which is wrong.

As a matter of fact, the Rome radio will consider it distinctly an Italian victory that the ratio is not 21 to 0.

* * * *

'I understand that a wife is a great help to a man?'

'Rather. She stands by him in all the trials and sorrows that he would not have had had he not married her.'

Futile Nazi Attack On British Convoy

R.A.F. Carry Out Daring Raids In German Territory

LONDON, July 25.

About 80 German planes took part in a raid on a convoy off the South East Coast which was not hit by bombs.

Fierce anti-aircraft fire drove off the raiders, who were pursued across the Channel by British fighters.

It is reported that an enemy bomber was brought down off the South West Coast.—Reuter.

Lull In Enemy's Aerial Activity

LONDON, July 25.

For the first night since bombing raids by Germans on Britain began on a larger scale, there was a lull in aerial activity last night.

No reports of attacks have been received though yesterday had been a day of widespread activity over land and sea with twelve German planes known to have been destroyed.

Raids, however, were resumed early this morning when enemy planes attempted an attack on a number of ships in convoy in the North Sea.

The ships and escorting vessels put up a vigorous fire and drove the raiders off. Later the attack was renewed and was again repulsed without loss, the raiders being driven away by British fighter planes.—Reuter.

Fifth Enemy Aircraft Shot Down

LONDON, July 25.

The Air Ministry announces "In the course of a series of attempted attacks on shipping off the southeast and southwest coasts to-day four enemy aircraft have been shot down by R.A.F. fighters and anti-aircraft guns. A fifth enemy aircraft was shot down by R.A.F. fighters off the northeast coast of Scotland this morning.

R. A. F. Showers Bombs On Nazi Military Objectives

LONDON, July 24.

Raids on Dornier and Gotha aircraft factories with direct hits on both and on oil-storage installations and Naval Dockyards are described in an air Ministry news-service bulletin.

Salvoes of high explosive bombs fell across buildings at the Dornier works in Wenzendorf. Others struck sheds erected under the cover of woods.

Four heavy bombs scored direct hit on the main factory building starting a large fire and causing an explosion whose force was felt by crew of the aircraft several thousand feet above.

Hits were made on several big sheds at the Gotha Works and many explosions were observed in various parts of the factory area.

The naval dockyards at Wilhelmshaven was subjected to a lightning raid and during the ten minutes that the aircraft were over the target several heavy explosions were seen.

LONDON, July 25.

The R.A.F. bombed Germany and German-occupied countries over a thousand times within the past three months, writes Reuter's Air Correspondent.

Since the invasion of the low countries the air force has struck night and day at important military and industrial objectives. These have not been isolated raids by single planes, but large-scale operations.

The R.A.F. has persistently endeavoured and to a great extent succeeded in breaking down the scheme which Germany hoped would culminate in devastating attacks on Britain. Air Force offensives have accelerated since the surrender of France and in exactly a month 517 thrusts were directed at the enemy's main military and industrial centres, including 66 raids on the German Navy.—Reuter.

Bomber Operations Hampered By Thunder Storms

LONDON, July 25.

An Air Ministry communique states that heavy rain, thunderstorms and severe icing conditions hampered our bomber operations last night. Despite this, the docks at Emden, Wilhelmshaven and Hamburg, aircraft factories at Wismar and Wenzendorf, and the seaplane bases at Borkum and Texel were attacked. All our aircraft returned safely.—Reuter.

ALEXANDRIA BOMBED

CAIRO, July 25.

A naval communique says that Alexandria was raided by a small number of aircraft in the early hours of to-day. A few bombs including incendiaries were dropped indiscriminately, causing only minor damage. One person was killed and seven injured.—Reuter.

Raid On Ammunition Dump South Of Bardia

CAIRO, July 25.

An R.A.F. communique states: "A successful raid was carried out yesterday on a large ammunition dump south of Bardia. Several direct hits were scored and part of a dump was completely blown away.

Gladiator fighters covering the bombers' operations met a large formation of 42 enemy fighters. In the ensuing battle four enemy aircraft were definitely shot down. One of our fighters is missing.

An R.A.F. raid on Macaaca resulted in a direct hit on a hangar and considerable damage to two other hangars.

All our machines returned safely.

TWO AIR RAIDS ON MALTA

MALTA, July 25.

There were two air-raids on Malta early yesterday.

Several bombs were dropped, but damage was only slight. There were no casualties.—Reuter.

GERMANS IN LITHUANIA

To Return To Reich After Harvest

LONDON, July 25.

The thirty thousand and odd Germans living in Lithuania are to return to Germany, when the new political order has been introduced into the Baltic States and the harvest is completed, according to the official German News Agency.—Reuter:

No Soviet Ultimatum To Finland

LONDON, July 25.

Reports that Russia had presented an ultimatum to Finland demanding demobilisation of the Finnish army are officially denied in Helsinki, Reuter's diplomatic correspondent learns from reports reaching London.—Reuter.

Soviet Charge Against Finnish Democratic Party

LONDON, July 25.

The Moscow radio last night accused the Finnish Social Democratic Party of having launched a campaign against "the Society for Friendship with the Soviet Union" which, it was stated, "is enjoying an increasing popularity amongst Finnish workers and has already enlisted 3,000 members."—Reuter.

NEW GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF FRENCH INDO-CHINA

VICHY, July 25.

General Decoux, who has been appointed new Governor-General of French Indo-China by Marshal Petain will retain his post of Commander-in-Chief of French Naval Forces in the Far East.—Reuter.

Anglo-Dutch Exchange Rate

LONDON, July 25.

The treasury announce that an agreement has been signed between the Government and the Royal Netherlands Government fixing the exchange rate between Curacao and Surinam (Dutch West Indies) Guilder and pound sterling at seven point sixty guilders to the pound.—Reuter.

TAKING OVER RAILWAYS

Railway Board Appoints Deputy Director Of Finance To Examine Issue

SIMLA, July 25.

It is learned that the Railway Board has appointed Khan Bahadur K. Obaidullah, Deputy Director of Finance, Railway Board, to examine the question of purchasing four company-managed railways, of which the contracts of two are due to expire on December 31, 1941, and the other two on December 31, 1942. The first two railways are the B. B. and C. I. and the Assam-Bengal: the second two are the Bengal and North-Western and the Rohilkand and Kumaon railways.

Twelve calendar months' notice is under the contract required for the exercise of the option.—A. P.

Parliament's Secret Session On Foreign Affairs

LONDON, July 25.

In the House of Commons Major C. R. Attlee announced a secret session on Foreign Affairs on next Tuesday.—Reuter.

Paris Bourse To Open Next Week

VICHY, July 25.

It is expected that the Bourse will reopen in Paris next week, according to the Havas Agency quoting authoritative quarters. A Lyon's dispatch to the Havas Agency says that the public prosecutor and fifty members of the Court de Cassation (The Highest Court of Appeal) are going to Paris next week in preparation for the opening session there on August 5th.—Reuter.

SURVIVORS OF "LANCASTRIA"

Tragic Story Of Her Loss After Tough Resistance

LONDON, July 25.

2477 survivors from the liner "Lancastria", lost at St. Nazaire during the final evacuation from France, are known to have been picked up.

Aboard, at the time she sank, were, it is estimated, 5,300 people including a number of women and children refugees. This was revealed in London this evening when the circumstances of the sinking came to light.

It is possible that the actual number of those picked up may have been larger and that others may have made their way ashore and fallen into enemy hands. There is great difficulty in estimating what are the exact figures in view of the difficult circumstances under which the evacuation was taking place.

The "Lancastria" was sunk at anchor having just completed embarking the personnel for evacuation. After half an hour's ineffectual attacks by Aircraft, she was hit by a salvo of bombs and immediately took a heavy list.

This severely hampered the launching of the ship's life boats. She capsized and finally sank within half an hour of being struck. The majority of survivors were picked up by a small craft which was ferrying other personnel from the docks to the troop ships.

Some, however, managed to swim and wade ashore in the shallow water. The survivors all paid a tribute to the magnificent courage displayed by the ship's crews and all ranks at the time the ship was struck.—Reuter.

Every Facility To Britain

Morgenthau On Sale Of 3,000 Planes A Month

WASHINGTON, July 25.

Mr. Morgenthau stated to-day that the United States had pledged "every facility" to enable the British Government to buy 3,000 aircraft monthly here in addition to huge orders previously placed. The new arrangement would require construction of new factories and the British had promised to pay for these factories and their output.

The treasury and the War and Navy departments were in complete agreement on this commitment. Production Member of the Defence Committee, Mr. Kaudsen would work out the details. The new factories would give the United States capacity to build far in excess of 50,000 aircraft annually mentioned by President Roosevelt in his defence message on 15th May. Remarking that "The British seem to have plenty of money".

Mr. Morgenthau added "The sums involved are colossal". He declared that the British authorities proposed immediate action so that they could get delivery of 3,000 aircraft monthly during 1941 and 1942.—Reuter.

"ECONOMIC CARTEL DEFINITELY OUT"

Review Of Pan-American Conference Results

NEW YORK, July 25.

Another "New York Times" correspondent reviewing the results of the Conference hitherto states that from the fog of generalities and daily communiques, a vague outline of the final results of the Conference is beginning to be discernible.

The correspondent says that an economic cartel is definitely "out".

Mandate for trusteeship of European possessions finds so far, little encouragement and will most possibly end up in some abstract formula, while economic action will at best be recommended for consideration at some later meetings.

What is accomplished so far is embodied in drafts of six resolutions five of which will be introduced by the United States.

American drafts concern the bases of economic co-operation. Anti-Fifth-Column measures, trusteeship of European possessions in the Western Hemisphere, Inter-American Convention against forcible changes of their sovereignty, and the status of diplomatic agents from non-American nations. The sixth resolution by Bolvia suggests the construction of an Inter-Ocean railway linking Santos (Brazil) with Arica (Chile) through Bolvia.—Reuter.

RUMANIAN MINISTER IN LONDON RE-CALLED

BUCHAREST, July 25.

It is understood that Mr. Stoica, Under-Secretary for Propaganda and a former Ambassador to Turkey, is likely to be appointed Rumanian Minister in London shortly.

Reuter's diplomatic correspondent says that reports have been published in both capitals of the Axis that the Rumanian Minister in London has been re-called by his Government, but nothing is known of these reports at the Rumanian Legation in London.

Rumanian quarters in London consider it not unlikely that having denounced the British guarantee the new Foreign Minister will make a change in London representation, as Mr. Tilea was always regarded as pro-Ally and one of those responsible for the guarantee.—Reuter.

Rumanian Premier Going To Italy

BERLIN, July 25.

According to a Bucharest despatch to the German News Agency, M. Gigurtu, Rumanian Prime Minister told his cabinet to-day that the Italian Government had invited him and the Foreign Minister M. Manoilescu to visit Italy.

A Rome message says:—

M. Gigurtu and M. Manoilescu will arrive in Rome on Saturday at the invitation of the Italian Government according to the Italian News Agency. They will meet Mussolini and Ciano.—Reuter.

Report Of Break-down Of Rumanian-Turkish Trade Talks Denied

ANKARA, July 25.

The Anatolian News Agency denies the report that the Rumanian-Turkish trade negotiations have been broken off and says that the measures agreed upon at the talks, which are proceeding at Bucharest and include an exchange of petrol and Rumanian products with Turkish wool and mohair have already been put into operation.—Reuter.

TOKIO FOREIGN AFFAIRS VICE-MINISTER

TOKIO, July 25.

The Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs, Mr. Tani, has been relieved of his post at his own request according to the Domei Agency.

Mr. Hajime Matusmiya, Director of the Research Bureau of the Foreign Office has been appointed Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs.—Reuter.

Belgian Refugees In France

BERLIN, July 25.

The News Agency estimates that 8,63,000 Belgian refugees are still in France.

Mahatma Leaves It To Free Vote

(Continued from page 1)

that five members of the Committee remained neutral and Mahatma Gandhi's further declarations reiterating his faith in the potency of non-violence to meet every situation.

(3) The fact that there has been no pronouncement by the British Government following the Delhi resolution of the Working Committee.

NO SUBSTANTIAL CHANGE

While there is no possibility of any substantial change in the Committee's attitude taken in the Wardha resolution, the Committee is considering in what way it should frame its resolution for the All-India Congress Committee so as to bring before the Committee all the issues involved in the present situation.

Those who remained neutral at the Delhi meeting are reported to hold the view that the Congress should strictly adhere to Mahatma Gandhi's policy of non-violence in all matters while the majority of the Committee take the view that the country has not imbibed non-violence enough to be able to use it in all circumstances. These members maintain that the decision taken by the Committee at Wardha in June last is the right decision and they feel that it would be endorsed by the All-India Congress Committee.

ULTIMATUM TALK

As regards the Delhi resolution there appears to be an opinion among some of the members of the Committee that as the offer made by the Congress has not evoked any response from the British Government, a definite time limit should be put on that offer. If within this time limit no action is taken by the British Government to meet the Congress demand, the Delhi offer should be withdrawn and the Congress should follow its own programme.

Discussions on these points are proceeding.

In view of the vital issues involved the members are preparing themselves for a three-day session of the All-India Congress Committee.—A. P.

DEFENCE OF FREE INDIA

Tasks For Working Committee Meeting

POONA, July 25.

Amidst autograph hunters, cameramen and garlanding admirers, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Congress President, was kind enough to spare a few minutes' talk with the 'United Press' special correspondent.

Replying to questions Maulana Azad said:

"There was not much question of persuading Mahatma Gandhi to come to Poona. Mahatmaji said he had laid bare his heart through the "Harijan". He had nothing new to say. That is why he does not want to go to Poona. He wants important and grave decisions to be taken by Congressmen without any influence and inducement on his part."

Asked if Gandhiji had any correspondence with the Viceroy after the Delhi offer of co-operation by the Congress Working Committee in Defence efforts, Maulana Azad said:

"No. There has been no correspondence. It is not true to say Gandhiji had undertaken to communicate Working Committee's decision to the Viceroy. In fact the decision was taken not mainly as to what reaction it had on the Viceroy or other persons. It was taken mainly because owing to the international situation and internal reactions the country looked to the Congress for a definite taking up of certain responsibilities. The Working Committee felt called upon to declare its willingness to shoulder the burden of defence efforts provided these related to a free India."

Maulana Azad said that there was little possibility of more resignations from the Working Committee.

The Congress President declared that the All-India Congress Committee would be called upon to endorse not only the Delhi offer of co-operation and undertaking the responsibility for Defence in conjunction with other parties in the country, but also the Wardha statement which defined the limitations of non-violence as the Congress creed in relation to defence against external aggression and measures for internal security.—United Press.

SOCIALIST ATTITUDE

POONA, July 25.

The "United Press" learns that the Congress Socialist Party Executive has decided to move an amendment to the Delhi resolution of the Working Committee to limit participation in war efforts relating to the internal and external defence of India. It will specify that India should not join the European war in any manner.

The Executive has also adopted a strongly worded resolution relating to the repression in the country through arrests, imprisonments, internments, externments and detentions without trial.—United Press.

SOCIALISTS MEET JAWAHAR

POONA, July 25.

The Socialist Executive again met at 8-30 p.m. and was still in session at midnight. The Executive spent a considerable time in discussing the likely developments in international situation and their effects on India. The discussion is still continuing.

Some of the Socialist leaders had a conversation with Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru this afternoon.

The Executive of the All-India Congress Socialist Party met at the residence of Mr. Achut Patwardhan, Mr. Farid Ansari presiding.

Mr. Yusuf Meherally, General Secretary of the Party, is reported to have made a detailed report on the activities of the Party in various provinces.

The National Executive of the All-India Congress Socialist Party, by a resolution expressed its appreciation of the work done by the Indian Medical Mission in China and considered that its efforts had led to better understanding between the peoples of China and India and brought the freedom movements of the two countries nearer to each other.—A. P.

NEXT CONGRESS SESSION

LAHORE, July 25.

In connection with the proposal to hold the next meeting of the Indian National Congress in the Punjab, the Working Committee of the P.P.C.C. adopted a resolution yesterday authorising Mian Iftikhar-ud-Din, the President to consult the Working Committee of the A.I.C.C. and to request that a further period of three weeks be permitted, so that other opinions could be taken before finally extending its invitation. The resolution states that this decision was reached after considering the special difficulties created by the ban on volunteer corps, in the Punjab and the repercussions of the recent arrests of Congress workers.—A. P.

ROUSING RECEPTION TO MAULANA AZAD

(From Our Correspondent).

POONA, July 25.

Rashtrapati Azad accompanied by Sardar Patel, Babu Rajendra Prasad and Mr. Asaf Ali arrived here this noon.

Dr. Profulla Ghosh has also arrived.

A rousing reception was accorded to Rashrapati at Poona station.

President Maulana Azad who was met by Mr. Gadgil, President, P.C.C., Sjt. Shankarrao Deo, Sjt. Achyut Patwardhan, Mr. K. M. Jedhe and other workers was profusely garlanded on behalf of a number of institutions.

The distinguished guests then drove to Seth Govindram Sakseria's bungalow at Koregaon Park where the Working Committee will commence deliberations at 3 this noon.

This morning's arrivals include Sjt. Rajagopalachari, Mrs. Naidu, Mrs. Vijalaxmi Pandit, Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, Seth Jamnalal Bajaj and Dr. Pattabhi.

NAGPUR, July 25.

The Hon'ble Sir Maneckji and Lady Dadabhoy have donated Rs. 1,000 towards the War Relief Fund.—United Press.

How British Forces Are Conducting Themselves In Near East

LONDON, July 25.

It is authoritatively stated in London to-day that the policy of the British Commander-in-Chief in Egypt is one of active defence. In Libya the collapse of France brought a great change in the situation. The numerous well-equipped Italian armies there are no longer threatened on two fronts but can concentrate wholly on the Egyptian border. Only the difficulty of communication and lack of water prevent the concentration of great numbers on the Egyptian Frontiers.

Consequently, British military policy in Egypt must necessarily be defence—active within limits which changed conditions impose upon it. The character of the campaign is dictated by the character of the country. At Sollum on the Frontier, lack of water prevents the retention of more than a very small garrison and the military frontier is Mersa Matruh. Similarly for the Italians, Bardia is the advanced headquarters with a natural supply at Tobruk.

Frontier fighting must resolve itself into action of relatively small forces. Land fighting hitherto has been conducted on the Italian side of the Frontier. Barbed wire fences have been cut and several forts captured. Capuzzo was recaptured by the Italians since the British first captured and dismantled it and is serving a useful purpose as it compels the defending force to despatch continual sustenance convoys on which we continue to inflict losses.

Whether the Italian organisation will enable them to push home an attack on a large scale is impossible to say, but the British Defence policy is militarily the wisest and agrees with Egypt's present attitude of neutrality.

DEFENCE IN KENYA

In Kenya limitations of the terrain produce not dissimilar results. Such few posts as the British held on the Kenya Frontier were lightly held and it was not expected they could be defended long against attack from the plateau above. Moreover, the conditions in Abyssinia compel the Italians to maintain their forces very much larger than we require in a peaceful colony. This enabled the Italians temporarily to occupy northeast Kenya, namely, the Mandera Trangle running up between Abyssiania and Italian Somaliland.

There are no British troops there, not even police, to westward, the Frontier post of Moyale was defended by a single company of the King's African Rifles, who made gallant resistance for five days against superior forces supported by artillery and aircraft. North of Lake Rudolf, the British forces have taken the initiative and native troops raided far into the enemy territory and done considerable damage to such military objectives as exist.

In Kenya fighting is likely to be more in the nature of skirmishing and guerilla. The rainy season has begun but the guerilla can still operate and the war of attrition which may well decide the issue in Abyssinia is not likely to be stopped by bad weather.

In Palestine, things are quieter than for years and there is no sign of rebellious activity. On the contrary, the Jews and the Arabs are enlisting in British forces for the defence of the country or for hostilities outside its borders.—Reuter.

"Non-Violent Resistance"

(Continued from Page 6.)

turn to violence and war, but must continue, even if it be in a halting fashion, to explore non-violent methods alone for the defence of the country against both external and internal enemies; and that all that the Congress on behalf of the country can offer to Great Britain is her moral support in the shape of doing nothing to embarrass the Government as long as it acts decently and discreetly.

Sir, I would not have interested myself in this extent, if I was not getting more and more convinced every day that though with honest and laudable intentions, the Working Committee is about to land the Congress into a disastrous policy, both morally and politically. The price which we offer for Britain's declaration of India's independence is that immediately thereafter Free India becomes of her own will an ally of the British Empire to fulfill the latter's ambition to carry on the war *until victory*. At present India is liable to be attacked as a British possession; then she will be attacked as an enemy *by our own seeking*. Great Britain has her faith in violence, is also interested in keeping that faith if she wants to possess an empire, and manfully does it. We have no faith in violence, have no imperialistic ambitions, and still, will promise to do our best to create the psychology of "kill and destroy" in our people! I am unable to see the moral and political good of this.

—Yours etc.,

K. G. MASHRUWALA.

Wardha, July 19.

Mainly About Foreign Films

Poignant Romance At Excelsior

"'TIL WE MEET AGAIN" CO-STARS MERLE OBERON AND GEORGE BRENT

Edmund Golding, one of Warner Brothers' best directors, who was responsible for those fine films, "Dark Victory" and "The Old Maid", has once again turned out a picture which is at once an essay in psychology and sterling entertainment. It is "'Til We Meet Again", co-starring such fine artistes as George Brent, Merle Oberon, Pat O'Brien and Geraldine Fitzgerald. Re-made from an old picture, "One Way Passage" (on which it is a definite improvement), "'Til We Meet Again" is a heart-warming, human document. The best film this week, to be seen at Excelsior!

The picture, tells of two lovers who are doomed to crowd an eternity of devotion into a few borrowed hours of love.

Dan met Joan in a Hong Kong bar where both had come to escape an impending doom from which there was no escape. He was wanted by the police to serve a death sentence in an

Spencer Tracy and Robert Young in "Northwest Passage", at the Metro for the second week.

American prison. She too had a death sentence passed on her in the form of a heart ailment which gave her perhaps a few more hours, or minutes, or weeks to live. That intuitive knowledge of each others' fate, even though they didn't know the form of that fate, made their love more deep, more sincere. Steve Burke, a detective from United States, finally catches up with Dan and they sail for San Francisco on the same boat that Joan is travelling on in her wild attempt to see as much of the world as possible in the little time left her. Steve, realizing that Dan is really not a hardened criminal, allows him the freedom of the ship. Both Joan and Dan try to make every moment as glorious as they can because they know that there is nothing to live for—but love. The climax of their poignant love affair is reached when the ship puts up at Honolulu for a twenty-four hour stay. Joan looks forward to it as the most beautiful day of her life; a day in which she, Dan and the tropical heaven of Hawaii are the only things in existence. Dan looks forward to it as his last chance to escape the police of three continents. The charm of Honolulu makes a perfect setting for this scene. The luxurious trans-Pacific liner is the back-ground against which most of the other scenes are played, and it makes a most effective setting for this story of a star-crossed love.

Merle Oberon as Joan, a girl who both fears and looks forward to her future, gives perhaps the finest performance of her career. George Brent conveys the sense of doom hanging over Dan with just the proper amount of grimness and cynical attempt at joviality that one would expect from that sort of person. Geraldine Fitzgerald wins our sympathy with an excellent characterization as a friend who realizes the fate of Joan and Dan, but is sworn to secrecy. Pat O'Brien as Steve Burke, a detective whose sense of duty surpasses his personal feeling toward a man who saved his life, chalks up another great piece of acting in his successful career.

Merle Oberon and George Brent, in "'Til We Meet Again", fine new film at the Excelsior.

TRIUMPH OF STEAM OVER SAIL

"Rulers Of The Sea" At Capitol

The vigorous compelling motion picture, with the zest of the open sea in it, with characters whose action are motivated by the desire to conquer the Atlantic in a steam driven ship, is to be revived at the Capitol Theatre. Paramount's "Rulers of the Sea" was produced and directed by the man who has become famous for unusual and great pictures—Frank Lloyd. Douglas Fairbanks Jr. is cast as a young mariner with rank of first mate. Margaret Lockwood portrays the daughter of an inventor who believes that his steam engine can drive a ship across the Atlantic. Rounding out of the starring trio is Will Fyffe, that rough voiced slyly humorous Scottish comedian who is at his very best as the inventor, a man with a dream, and a sense of humor withal. George Bancroft, is the hard driving master of a sailing ship.

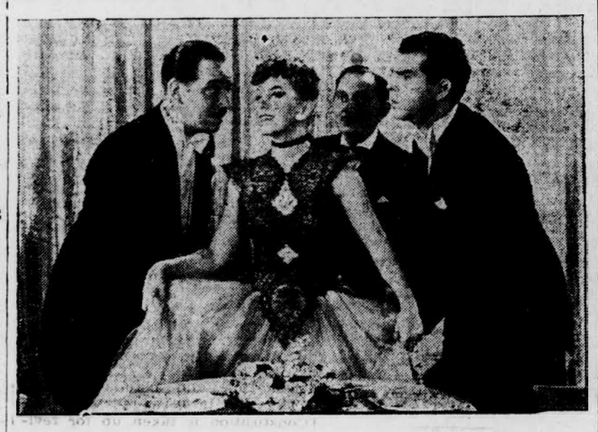
This picturization of the triumph of steam over sail finds Fairbanks quitting as first mate of the sailing ship, "Flacon," after a voyage from New York to Greenock, Scotland, in which a sailor has been killed by the driving method of the captain, George Bancroft, determined to get his ship into port on time to satisfy the demand of the shippers. Bancroft tries to dissuade at a tavern, and in the course of their discussion, Will Fyffe is overheard stating that he can conquer the Atlantic with a steam-powered ship. Bancroft's ridicule rouses Fyffe who attempts to brawl it out with the husky captain. Fairbanks steps in, disposes of Bancroft with a blow and later goes home with Fyffe. There Fairbanks becomes enthusiastic about the plans for the engine, and romantically interested in Miss Lockwood. As the story progresses Fairbanks attempts to get backing to construct a ship, power it with Fyffe's engine and cross the Atlantic. The obstacles in his path, the scoffing of disbelievers only serve to drive him to greater efforts, and one day in 1838 the dream of Fyffe and Fairbanks comes true as the 'Dog Star' a converted coastal steamer, set out from London for New York.

HELD OVER FOR SECOND WEEK

"Too Many Husbands" And "Northwest Passage"

"Too Many Husbands," the brilliant Columbia comedy, starring Jean Arthur, Melvyn Douglas and Fred MacMurray, is held over for a second week at the New Empire.

"Northwest Passage," at Metro, is also to be continued for the second week.



Jean Arthur with Melvyn Douglas and Fred MacMurray in "Too Many Husbands", second week at New Empire.

Morning Show At The Capitol

There will be a morning show at the Capitol on Sunday, at 10-30 a.m. when "Born To Dance" the dazzling sequel to 'The Great Zeigfeld' featuring Eleanor Powell will be shown.

"Daughter Of Ind"

Fyzee Rahmin's Play To Be Staged To-day At Capitol

"Daughter of Ind", Fyzee Rahmin's musical play, will be staged this evening at the Capitol Theatre in aid of H. E. the Governor's War Gift Fund.

The Press saw the grand rehearsal of the play last night and this reviewer found it an amateurish attempt, sketchily conceived, poorly written and produced with only moderate success. The play itself which has already been reviewed in "The Chronicle" might have been written by a self-consciously benevolent Englishman. "The Daughter of Ind", a gardener's daughter, talks like an imitation Tagore, converses with trees and flowers and talks philosophy when her English lover proposes marriage. It is a picture of "mystic" India that only the foreigner seems to find in this country, with temple dances talk of *Karma* and the pseudo-philosophical version of the "Twain shall never meet" idea. No wonder they got away with it in London.

What is strange to find is that a play written by an Indian and produced in India in some places actually ridicules the people of this country with glib references to the "low class Indians" who are supposed to divide their year between "nine months of holidays and three months of laziness"—as if there were any more hard-working and oppressed people in the world!

The money-lender and priest scene is quite interesting and the Spirit of Evil looks appropriately menacing in the ingenious make-up.

Zoe Babbington plays the title role. She is a good actress but her blue eyes are against her in her portrayal of an Indian girl. Eric Nichols made quite a convincing gardener but Peter Ashley-Baily was too soft even for the soft idealistic Englishman he played. Couldn't they get Indians to play the Indian roles?

For the sake of the cause in aid of which it is being produced, the play merits support.

K. A. A.

"LAPANDAV" TO-DAY AT WEST-END

Shantaram To Preside Over Premiere

Director Shantaram of Prabhat will preside over the premiere to-night at West End of Navyug Chitrapat Ltd.'s maiden film, "Lapandav" (in Marathi.)

"Lapanday" stars Winayak, Meenakshi, Baburao Pendharkar and a new "find", Vanmala.

She seems to have seen the Karloff-Bela Lugosi horror team in "Black Friday" at Regal.

Horror Film At Regal

'Black Friday' which opens to-day at the Regal Theatre is the latest horror picture from Universal Studios, pre-eminent in this field of screen entertainment. Boris Karloff and Bela Lugosi are together again in the starring roles. These two masters of horror, who in the past have chilled spines by their weird make-up effects, come to life in "Black Friday" as themselves. Without make-up, without shadowy lighting, without hunchbacks, without sliding panels, yet they move through a series of situations that are horrible enough. One of the surprises of "Black Friday" is in the performance of Stanley Rodges, noted character actor, who plays the dual role of college professor and ruthless killer.

NO CLASSES FOR DEFENCE ACT PRISONERS

U. P. Govt. Note On Interviews

LUCKNOW, July 25.

A press note issued by the U. P. Government explains the position of prisoners under the Defence of India Rules in the matter of interviews with friends or relatives.

The Press Note states that there are two classes of prisoners under the Defence of India Rules, namely, prisoners who are awaiting trial or have been convicted for offence under the Rules and those who have been detained without trial under Rule 26 of the Rules or have been arrested under Rule 129, pending the orders of the Government. The former category of prisoners are being treated in exactly the same manner as ordinary undertrials and convicted prisoners and are allowed interviews in accordance with their classification.

The latter category are subject to rules which have been specially framed for their treatment and are allowed a weekly interview with persons approved by the District Magistrate and with his written permission. No prisoner of either category who is on hunger-strike is allowed to see any person except near relatives without the sanction of the Government.—A.P.

TATA'S MONO-CABLE ROPEWAY OVER DAMODAR

PATNA, July 25.

Permission has been granted by the Government of Bihar to the Tata Iron and Steel Company to construct and work a mono-cable ropeway from Shifour (Manbhun District) to Digwardhi Colliery over the Damodar river.

The proposed ropeway will be twelve yards in length and shall be driven by electric motive power.—A. P.

Compulsory Recruitment Of European British Subjects

Promulgation Of Ordinance: Provision Made For Conscientious Objectors

SIMLA, July 24.

A Press Note says:—By Ordinance No. VI of 1940 to be issued to-day, the National Service (European British subjects) Act, 1940 (Act XVIII of 1940), will be amended.

The main object of the Ordinance is to introduce the compulsory principle for the recruitment of European British subjects, other than those domiciled in India, for work of national importance whether in the armed forces of the Crown or in a civilian capacity. The latter field is now extended to civilian employment generally and is no longer limited to employment under the Crown.

The Ordinance does not introduce any radical change in the existing procedure or machinery. Europeans have already been listed into categories determined by their availability, civil condition (married, single, with or without dependants) and age.

The National Service Advisory Committees will continue to scrutinise these lists, to interview individuals, and to advise the authorities as regards availability and fitness for military or civilian service, or both. Thereafter competent authorities now have power to call upon an individual to undertake any specific work of national importance.

Suitable provision is made for conscientious objectors who will be liable for civilian service only.

At the same time, safeguards for the public are provided. A Tribunal consisting of three highly placed persons, civil, military and non-official, will be set up in each large centre to hear appeals in regard to availability or assignment to military or civilian service. The Ordinance also makes provision similar to that contained in the National Service (technical personnel) Ordinance 1940, to safeguard persons assigned to civilian service against their receiving terms and conditions excessively unfavourable as compared with those enjoyed by them before. In this matter also an appeal will lie to the Tribunal.

Penalties are provided against refusal to obey a calling-up notice against an employee leaving his assigned civilian employment without permission, and against an employer failing to carry out the terms of employment fixed by the competent authority.—A. P.

Carelessness Did It

Two Constables Injured By Accidental Discharge Of Rifle

PESHAWAR, July 25.

The accidental discharge of a rifle caused injuries to a Police Constable at Attock Bridge according to a report received here.

It is stated that a constable was cleaning his rifle, which had been left loaded by mistake. It went off accidentally the bullet hitting a rock.

Another Constable who was sitting nearby was hurt by rock-splinters and was removed to the British Military Hospital at Attock Fort. The injuries are stated to be of a minor nature.—A. P.

Girl Charged With Living On Prostitution

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Astounding revelations were made by the Bombay C. I. D. before Mr. I. N. Mehta, Chief Presidency Magistrate, this morning, when a girl living in a building at Fanas Wadi Road, was charged with living on the earnings of a minor girl.

When the Police raided the room after the bogus customer sent by them with marked coins, gave a signal, he was found in a compromising position with the girl. One Babulal in whose name the room was tenanted, has also been arrested. The minor girl was sent to the Children's Home, and the accused were released on bail, pending further investigations.

Uprooting Lawlessness From Sind

Opposition May Be Asked To Join Ministry

KARACHI, July 24.

Activity is noticeable in political circles to utilise the unanimity on the insistence of taking stringent measures for uprooting lawlessness from the province.

It is understood that the Ministry sounded the Opposition with a view to taking concerted action with their fullest co-operation and secure its complete agreement for all the proposed security measures.

With a view to enabling the Opposition to share in the drive against lawlessness it is not unlikely that it may be asked to shoulder responsibility by joining the Cabinet for which it is stated the Ministry has secured the Governor's formal consent.—A. P.

No. 121

Why is she so Young for her years

Her husband thinks she's a wonder. She would easily pass for a dozen years less than she really is. And what is more, she feels marvellously young, no surplus fat, no shortness of breath, no digestive troubles—and her secret is that she takes two Bile Beans regularly every night at bedtime.

You, too, can enjoy 100 per cent. health and regain your youthful appearance if you take Bile Beans regularly.

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Agents.—Messrs. KEMP & CO., Charni Road, Bombay.

MUTT AND JEFF—It Looks Like Mutt Turned Into a Bonehead

By BUD FISHER

LOOK AT THAT! MUTT'S ACTING JUST LIKE A BLOODHOUND SINCE HE HAD THAT BLOOD TRANSFUSION FROM A BLOODHOUND!
SNIFF SNIFF
LOOK AT HIM GO! I'LL BET HE'S TRACKIN' DOWN SOME DESPERATE CRIMINAL JUST LIKE THE BLOODHOUNDS DO!
?
WOOF!
4-19

Prof. Ranga Files Written Statement

Prosecution Under Defence Of India Rules

MADRAS, July 25.

The case in which Mr. N. G. Ranga, M.L.A. (Central), is charged under Rule 38 (5) of the Defence of India rules in respect of a speech alleged to have been delivered by him at the All-India Peasants' Conference at Kasibugga, Vizagapatam District in March, came up for hearing before the Chief Presidency Magistrate this afternoon.

Mr. Ranga filed a written statement, and the Magistrate adjourned the case till to-morrow.—A.P.

BENGAL P. C. C. OFFICE SEARCHED

Durwan Taken Into Custody

CALCUTTA, July 23.

The special branch of the Calcutta police searched to-night the office of the Suspended Bengal Provincial Congress Committee, and took the Durwan into custody.—A. P.

'FORWARD BLOC' LEADER INTERNED

SYLHET, July 24.

Mr. Kirti Choudhury, General Secretary of the Khasi and Jaintia Hills District Forward Bloc and President of the Shillong Workers' Union, was served with an order of internment in his native village at Elimpur in the district of Sylhet.

Mr. Choudhury was previously directed under the Defence of India Rules to quit Shillong from where he had come to Sylhet.—A. P.

QUIT ORDERS ON LABOUR LEADERS

CALCUTTA, July 23.

Mr. Deven Sukul and two other labour leaders of Budge Budge have been served with orders under the Defence of India Rules directing them to leave Calcutta and suburbs, the districts of Howrah and Hooghly, Asansol sub-division of Burdwan district and Sadar sub-division of Midnapore district within 48 hours of the service of these orders.—United Press.

Ban On Subhas Bose's Speech

CALCUTTA, July 24.

By a notification in the Calcutta Gazette, the Bengal Governor under the Defence of India Rules has prohibited further publication, sale and distribution of, and declared forfeited all copies of the pamphlet in English entitled "Presidential speech of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose at the second session of the All-India Conference of the Forward Bloc held at Nagpur" on June 18 and 19, 1940.—United Press.

Students Observe Hartal

CALCUTTA, July 24.

Students of Calcutta Colleges including the Islamia College and the Calcutta Madrasa refrained from attending the classes to-day as a protest against the Islamia College incidents on Monday last.—United Press.

EX-PARLIAMENTARY SECRETARY RELEASED

DEHRADUN, July 25.

Mr. Ajit Prasad Jain, Formerly Parliamentary Secretary in United Provinces Government who was arrested at Saharanpur under the Defence of India Rules for the alleged offence of having delivered an objectionable speech, was released yesterday from the District Jail, Saharanpur.—A. P.

NAGPUR SOCIALISTS ARRESTED

NAGPUR, July 25.

Ramsingh Gaur, a member of the Nagpur Nagar Congress Committee and D. J. Paranjpye, who are stated to be Socialist workers, have been arrested under the Defence of India Rules in connection with speeches reported to have been made by them at various places.—A. P.

Congress Socialists Jailed

MADURA, July 24.

Messrs. Krishnakunthu and Aiyaswami, Congress Socialists, Madura, who were charged under the Defence of India Act, were convicted and sentenced to-day by the Additional District Magistrate, Madura, to undergo rigorous imprisonment for one year on two counts, the sentences to run concurrently.—A. P.

Amraoti Socialist Arrested

NAGPUR, July 25.

D. P. Paranjpe, a Socialist of Amraoti and also a worker of the Vidarbha Kisan Sabha, was arrested here this morning under the Defence of India Rules.—United Press.

Security Returned

MADRAS, July 25.

In pursuance of an order of the Government, the Chief Presidency Magistrate has returned the security of Rs. 1,500 furnished on March 4 by Mr. P. Balasubramania Mudaliar, publisher of the "Sunday Observer."—A. P.

Searches In Belgaum

BELGAUM, July 24.

The Belgaum police headed by Mr. Hegade, sub-inspector, Belgaum City, to-day searched the residence of Mr. Muchandi and took away some literature.

The Sangli State police assisted by the Belgaum police searched the residence of Mr. K. B. Deshpande of Shahapur (a neighbouring town of the Sangli State) to-day.—A. P.

Subhas' Presidential Address Proscribed

Bengal Govt. Forfeits Communist Leaflets

CALCUTTA, July 24.

The further publication sale or distribution of the pamphlet in English entitled "Presidential speech of Sj. Subhas Chandra Bose at the second session of the All-India Conference of the Forward Bloc at Nagpur on 18th and 19th June 1040," have been prohibited by the Government of Bengal under Rule 40 of the Defence of India Rules "as it contains prejudicial reports."

All copies of the pamphlet which was printed and published by Phanindra Majumder of Calcutta, and all other documents containing copies, reprints and translation of, or extracts from the pamphlet, wherever found, have been declared to be forfeited to his Majesty.

The issue of the "Forward Bloc" (an English weekly) of June 29 has also been proscribed.

Three other leaflets entitled "Message of the Bolshevik Party to the workers of the ganges jute mills," "War thesis of the R. S. P." (Revolutionary Socialist Party) and "What revolutionary socialism stands for" have been declared to be forfeited to His Majesty.—A. P.

Delhi Muslims Have No Confidence In League

Revolt Spreads Against Jinnah's Leadership: Insult To Maulana Azad Resented

(From Our Special Correspondent)

DELHI, July 23.

Yet another blow was given to the leadership of Mr. Jinnah in Delhi when Khan Bahadur Haji Rashid Ahmed, ex-Chairman of the Reception Committee of the Delhi session of the All-India Muslim League and a very prominent member of the Delhi Muslim League refused to give any explanation demanded from him for joining the War Committee in violation of the Bombay resolution of the Muslim League.

Writing to the Provincial League Secretary Haji Saheb says: "The present policy of the Muslim League is not in the interests of the Mussalmans. I, therefore, consider that the League has no right to demand an explanation from me in regard to my accepting the membership of the War Committee." He further writes that the Delhi Provincial Muslim League has lost the confidence of the Mussalmans of Delhi as was evidenced by the results of the last Municipal elections. He also condemned the vanity and the lack of manners from which the Muslim Leaguers were suffering.

It may be recalled that only during the last week Joint-Secretary of the Delhi Muslim League, Khan Bahadur S. M. Abdullah, and Khan Sahib Habibur Rehman, a prominent Leaguer, tendered their resignations condemning the action of Mr. Jinnah sending telegram to Maulana Azad, the Congress President.

Enquiries from the Central Office of the Muslim League show that every day a number of resignations are received from several places for reasons of disagreement with the present policy of Mr. Jinnah.

A meeting of the Council of the All-India Muslim League is also going to be held in Delhi in the first week of August when the question of taking disciplinary action against the Leaguers, who had joined the War Committees in violation of the Muslim League's resolution will be discussed.

JINNAH'S ACTION CONDEMNED

(From Our Correspondent.)

SRINAGAR, July 24.

Strong condemnation of the action of Mr. Jinnah and complete faith in the Congress President, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, is contained in a statement just issued by Mr. S. M. Abdulla, the President of Jammu and Kashmir Muslim Conference.

He says: "Every Indian patriot and saner sections among the people must have felt pained to read the most impolite and uncivil reply of Mr. Jinnah to a simple enquiry from Maulana Abul Kalam Azad. Particularly one feels disgusted to find that he did not even care to observe the commonly accepted rules of morality and published without the consent of the Congress President, the confidential telegram from him. It was open to Mr. Jinnah to have refused to discuss the matter regarding communal unity and freedom of the Motherland but it hardly befits him to hurl abuses in a most irresponsible manner."

Continuing he says: "Maulana Abul Kalam Azad does not require a certificate from Mr. Jinnah to prove his leadership. The sacrifices offered by him in the cause of India's freedom, his ability and noble character are sufficient to command respect of India's millions. Mr. Jinnah is wholly wrong in under-estimating the Maulana and saying that neither the Hindus nor the Muslims have any faith in him. Besides millions of Congressmen who follow his lead, there are various Muslim organizations such as Jamiat-ul-Ulmai-Hind; Majlis-i-Ahrar; Anjuman-i-Ansar-ul-Musalmin; All India Azad Muslim Conference and the Freedom-loving Muslims of Kashmir who respect and adore him. Even inside the Muslim League in spite of Mr. Jinnah's instructions to the contrary, several League Leaders have been receiving advice from the Maulana which shows that even the right-hand men of Mr. Jinnah have faith in him".

Concluding Mr. Abdulla says: "Islam inculcates in us a high sense of duty based on a sound moral code, and I feel that Mr. Jinnah, by his action, has not proved true to Islam, the followers of which great religion he claims to present. On behalf of the Muslims of Kashmir, I regret the action of Mr. Jinnah and declare that we have complete faith in Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the Congress President."

SUPPORT TO TWO NATIONS SCHEME

Dehlavi On Jinnah's Reply To Azad

Sir Ali Mahomed Khan Dehlavi, Leader of the Muslim Party in the Bombay Legislative Assembly, in the course of a statement says: "I hope, by now, the criticisms hurled at Mr. Jinnah's telegram in reply to that of Maulana Abul Kalam Azad have come to an end. I, therefore, need not wait any longer to answer the queries put to me from various sources asking me to say what I thought of Mr. Jinnah's reply.

Both the language and the manner of treating the Maulana are put down as curt. I have known Mr. Jinnah ever since our student days—nearly half a century—and I have known him to be an honest, frank and an open-hearted man, who does not believe in mincing matters. Like other leaders—and there are hardly any exceptions, if they are worth the name—Mr. Jinnah has his angularities, and those assume sharp edges whenever Maulana Abul Kalam Azad tries to represent the Hindu side. In that character he always jars on Mr. Jinnah and gets on his nerves; and for the matter of that, on the nerves of all honest Muslims, and rightly too.

"Let us now turn to the merits of the contents of Maulana Abul Kalam Azad's telegram to Mr. Jinnah and examine also its relevancy at this juncture of a thousand anxieties. The Maulana refers Mr. Jinnah to his statement of July 9 and suddenly asks whether the League cannot agree to an arrangement which is not based on the 'Two Nations Scheme.' First of all, one fails to understand as to how this question arises out of the statement of Mr. Jinnah referred to, unless Mr. Abul Kalam is out again to play his apportioned role by raising a hornet's nest to cloud issues and create controversies. The constitutional demands of the Muslim League have been made clear time and again, and will await the proper time when the Constitution is taken up for revision. What could be the object, in the meanwhile, of the Maulana in raising a constitutional issue at this moment?

"BEST SOLUTION."

The democratic form of parliamentary government has been denounced by all political thinkers of every creed in India as untenable in the circumstances obtaining in this country, with an eternal and ruthless majority as against an eternal, and in every way unfortunately placed, minority. That point of view has been urged from many a platform of late, particularly after the experience of the manner and the spirit of dictatorship in which the Congress worked provincial autonomy within the last three years. The "Two Nations Scheme", as the Congress President calls it is, therefore, about the best solution of the whole difficulty."

NO 'FRONTIER PEACHES' TO KING

PESHAWAR, July 25.

Frontier's annual present of peaches and fruits could not be sent this year to His Majesty the King, owing to difficulties of shipment.

Arrests At Kapurthala

KAPURTHALA, July 25.

Two Sikhs, residents of Kapurthala State have been arrested by the State police under the Defence of India Rules. They have been lodged in Kapurthala jail pending instructions from the Punjab Government.—A. P.

ANEY FOR LUCKNOW

YEOTMAL, July 25.

Mr. M. S. Aney left for Nagpur "en route" to Lucknow where he is to preside at a conference of the All-India Hindu League.—A. P.

Haroon Supports Jinnah

LAHORE, July 25.

"Mr. Jinnah has committed no crime in calling a spade a spade; our Province whole-heartedly supports the stand he has taken up in his dealings with Maulana Abul Kalam Azad", declares Sir Abdulla Haroon, president of the Sind Provincial Muslim League, in the course of a statement to the Press.

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Even one night will show you how this natural way transcends all artificial means and lotions. But be sure to get Mercolized Wax (containing no animal fat) and follow the instructions on the jar.

Mercolized Wax

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D. 06.30	Hyderabad		Poona D. 09.40
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GREAT NEWS VIA U. S. A.

Making R. A. F.'s Position Impregnable

America To Supply 3,000 Planes Per Month Above Those Already Ordered

LONDON, July 24.

Lord Beaverbrook broadcasting to-day stated that since the Ministry of Aircraft Production was formed, it had purchased in America 12,115 aero-engines.

He disclosed that Mr. Morgenthau, United States Secretary for the Treasury, had informed the Canadian aircraft industry that the United States would produce 3,000 planes monthly for Britain in addition to our present orders.

The announcement in regard to American production was as follows: "I have just received a telephone message from Mr. Morris Wilson, Agent of the Aircraft Ministry of the United States in Canada, who is authorised to state that Mr. Morgenthau will approve plans to put into immediate production of aeroplanes for our account up to a total of 3,000 monthly.

These planes will be developed without delay. This is in addition to our present American programme. This is a great news for you indeed".

Lord Beaverbrook said that he examined to-day a Messerschmidt 110 brought down in battle almost undamaged. It was a fine machine with two engines of excellent workmanship. As far as the finish went this machine was in a class with the Hurricane and the Spitfire but not so handy as the Hurricane nor so swift as the Spitfire.

Lord Beaverbook mentioned "a very curious" fact?, namely, that though the petrol tank of this Messerschmidt was protected and the oiltank armoured, the windscreen was not bulletproof and there was no armour whatever to protect the pilot. Yet this was a brand new machine.

Asking "why was it wanting in armour" Lord Beaverbrook suggested that perhaps the enemy had got a bottleneck in armour plating.

Paying a tribute to the Air Force, Lord Beaverbrook said, "They will bring us victory which will be followed by years of splendour and triumph and we will join with them in the day of rejoicing for, the British always were free people and our freedom will be maintained as it was purchased by valiant courage.

GREAT NEWS.

The "great news" of American willingness to build 3,000 planes for Britain monthly, which Lord Beaverbrook announced in his broadcast to-night, only reached him a few moments before he went on the air.

Lord Beaverbrook was waiting at the B. B. C. too go to the microphone when he was summoned to receive a trans-Atlantic telephone call from the British Air Ministry's representative in the United States and Canada.

The representative told him the news and a few moments after replacing the receiver, Lord Beaverbrook was able to reveal it to Britain and the Empire.—Reuter.

Lancashire Secures Order For £500,000 Worth Of Cambrics From East Indies

LONDON, July 24.

The Board of Trade announces that under the guidance of the Cotton Board established by the Board of Trade Lancashire cotton mills have secured orders from Consortium of buyers in the Dutch Indies for cambrics totalling 22 million square yards.

The delivery will begin shortly and the mills concerned will be engaged on this order upto the end of the year.

It is believed that the total value of business amounts to more than half a million sterling representing one of the largest single transactions put through by Lancashire firms.

U. S. GOES IN FOR CONSCRIPTION?

WASHINGTON, July 23.

Bill providing for compulsory military training has been approved by the Senate Military Committee. The bill requires the registration of 42 million men between the ages of 18 and 64.—Reuter.

Fresh U. S. Move Against Axis Powers

WASHINGTON, July 25.

A "virtual embargo" has been placed on fuel or lubricants supplies reaching Germany and Italy through intermediaries, it is learnt from an authoritative Federal source.

The statement followed an announcement by the Maritime Commission that it had a few days ago halted the sailing of two United States tankers laden with 200,000 barrels of oil bound for Spain from a port in Texas.

The Official explained that the action was taken because the Commission thought that it was dangerous to allow American ships to go so near belligerent activity. The Official added that the Commission had adopted this general policy without being asked to do so by White House or the State Department. Foreign tankers, he added, were not affected. Another authoritative source stated that the Embargo was directed against potential go-betweens for Axis powers or Japan and it was being applied under the recent presidential proclamation authorising the Treasury Department to impose shipping controls.

In case of shipment to Spain, it was declared, the official reason was that the quantities were too large for Spain's normal consumption.—Reuter.

Huq's Apologia Unsatisfactory

Hindu And Muslim Students' Protest Against Lathi Charge

CALCUTTA, July 24.

The action of the police in making a lathi charge on students at the Islamia College compound on Monday was condemned at a largely attended meeting of the Hindu and Muslim students of Calcutta, held this afternoon at Wellington Square.

Mr. Moazzem Ali Choudhury M.L.C. presided.

The meeting expressed the opinion that the Chief Minister's statement, made yesterday in the Bengal Assembly in regard to the Monday's incident at the Islamia College was not satisfactory.

It was decided that a deputation consisting of five Hindu and Muslim members should wait upon the Chief Minister to place before him the demands of the student community in the province.

Earlier, the students of some of the colleges and schools in the city came out of their classes as a protest against Monday's incidents at the Islamia College, and parading the main thoroughfares of the city in a procession rallied at Wellington Square where the meeting was held.—A. P.

PUNISH THOSE RESPONSIBLE FOR WAR

LONDON, July 24.

A demand for the punishment of "those responsible for France's present misfortune" is made by M. Marquet, Petain's Minister for the Interior in a broadcast on the French radio.

While he mentioned no names the broadcast followed an earlier report hinting that M. Daladier and other leaders might be proceeded against for their part in the declaration and conduct of war.—Reuter.

Fourth Gwalior Infantry before departure on war service. Major-General G. R. Rajwade, Army Minister (second from right) is seen waving a farewell.

Why Hitler Is Delaying 'Blitzkrieg'

Effective Invasion Of England Impossible, Says Air Expert

Threat May Be Deliberate Stratagem To Mislead Defenders

SIMLA, July 24.

"The invasion of England must be undertaken soon or postponed till next spring. It cannot be undertaken with any hope of success unless the British defensive air power is broken down which the present German equipment is not capable of achieving".

This, says a message from New York, is the conclusion reached by Alexander Seversky, the well-known American airplane designer, writing in the "New York Times".

It is pointed out that Seversky's views are those of an air expert and he reaches his conclusions after a study not of the belligerents' relative sea power (where the Axis is manifestly inferior) but of the air forces on which Germany places the greatest reliance.

After suggesting that German talk of invasion may be a deliberate stratagem to compel Britain to keep her best machines and men at home.

Seversky continues: An effective invasion of the British Isles is impossible while the defenders retain mastery of the sky over the Island and the Channel.

Transporting and landing large numbers of troops is unthinkable without the shield of a solid ceiling of air protection. This was demonstrated in positive terms by the Dunkirk evacuation, which was possible only because the British held the air.

I have inspected or flown in every type of bomber and fighter plane thus far engaged in air duels over Britain and I have studied carefully all available information on the subject.

Britain Superior

Despite disparity of numbers, I can see no reason for doubting British defensive superiority. On the contrary, the results of German exploratory raids to date indicate that with her present equipment, Germany cannot accomplish the first indispensable stage of the invasion—the wresting of air control over Britain.

That is why the previous zero hours set for the promised invasion of Britain have passed without action and why the new one in my opinion must alike be postponed.

Nazi aerial attacks on Britain thus far have been on a narrow scale with relatively small destructive effect and carried through at an exorbitant cost, the German losses occasionally running as high as 50 per cent.

It seems obvious, therefore, that the summary destruction of British air power—an essential preliminary to the invasion—is altogether unlikely.

It has now been generally understood that bad weather, while improving England's defensive position, will not seriously hamper her offensive efforts in the air. Germany has many more flying days in the late fall of winter than the British Isles. Thus the advantage of winter operations will be decidedly on the British side."—A. P.

New Afghan Constitution Begins To Work

PESHAWAR, July 24.

Elections to the new Afghan Parliament have just ended, says a report received from Kabul.

The House of Representatives consists of 120 members, who are elected by ballot, while the Senate is composed of 60 members, mostly nominated, who hold their seats by virtue of past services to the realm.

Afghanistan enjoys adult franchise and everyone over 20 years of age has the right to vote. Suffrage is not restricted by any property qualification. Legislators enjoy perfect freedom of speech in the House.

Large powers are reserved for the King. Only the King can declare war or negotiate peace with the enemy or enter into treaties with other nations. His assent is necessary before laws passed by the House of Representatives or the Senate can become acts. He also has the power to override any or all of existing laws in case of emergency.—A. P.

The Council of Action of the Gaya District Congress Socialist Party has decided to start a training camp for the political workers of the district from August 15 next, for 15 days.—United Press.

New Anglo-Polish Agreement

LONDON July 24.

An Agreement initialled between the British and Polish Governments reaffirms Anglo-Polish political and military co-operation on a new basis.

The Agreement reaffirms the alliance and the necessity to continue the struggle till final victory, and forms solid foundations for the establishment of a Polish army in Britain.—Reuter.

PAYMENT & TRANSFER OF GOLD SECURITIES BANNED

LONDON, July 24.

The Treasury has placed a ban on bankers making payments or transferring gold securities on instructions received from Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania or any corporation controlled from these States.—Reuter.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

There was a certain amount of consternation and Air Raid wardens lounging in Clubs sprang to their feet when the surprise practice was held yesterday. It is very necessary that such practices should be frequently held.

3,000 more planes a month for the Allies. Adolf Hitler has lost his Kruschen feeling.

Sir H. P. Mody is heading for bigger and better things. His speech on Wednesday for the War Gift Fund was noteworthy for his realisation that the incompetency of British diplomacy and British statesmanship has led Europe to the present situation. He pleaded for funds using the human angle and the need for crushing Hitler and sinking of differences and all that. There was, I understand, an offer made and communicated to him. It was that two bridge-players were willing to play Sir H. P. and the Vice-President, Sir Homi Mehta, at bridge for one whole evening—the winnings to go to charity. Sir H. P. pathetically replied amidst laughter: "I think I have already contributed my share!"—which was some indication of his faith in his bridge.

Von Papen has been recalled from Turkey and has unexpectedly returned to Berlin. Is there any significance in this little piece of news which creeps into the paper almost at the fag end?

I saw "Juarez" again. Somehow for an Indian this picture has almost a fatal fascination. But the speech of Juarez to the ambassadors was conspicuous by its absence.

Soviet Loan Oversubscribed

MOSCOW, July 23.

The third year issue of the Third Five Year Plan Loan has now been closed, says the Official Soviet Tass News Agency, having been oversubscribed by more than a milliard and quarter roubles.

The loan launched on July 1, was for eight milliard roubles. By the end of last week nine milliard 310 million 839 thousand roubles had been subscribed.—Reuter.

Charge Against 19 Mills

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, July 25.

Ahmedabad Majur Mahajan has lodged a complaint against 19 Mills of city for not giving dearness allowance to their workers according to the decision of the Industrial Court and asked the Court to declare this illegal in the Industrial Court.

FLOODS IN JULLUNDUR & HOSHIARPUR

JULLUNDUR, July 24.

Considerable damage has been caused by floods in Jullundur and Hoshiarpur districts as the result of heavy rain during the past 48 hours, according to reports received here.

It is stated that the railway traffic between Nawanshahr Doaba and Garhshankar Railway stations on the North-Western Railway was suspended for some time yesterday as a bridge over a rivulet was submerged under water which had risen several feet above the railway lines.

Three pedestrians while attempting to cross a flood channel between Nasraland Sham-Chaurasi were drowned.

Their bodies have not yet been recovered.

The river Satluj is also reported to be rising and at several points has overflowed its banks thereby threatening the safety of the neighbouring villages.—A. P.

Exploits Of Charlie Chan

Hollywood Murder

By Alfred Andriola

ONCE MORE A "PHANTOM BULLET" HAS STRUCK!
IN FULL VIEW OF ALL AND WITH DETECTIVES SWARMING EVERYWHERE, GINA LANE IS SHOT—THE THIRD VICTIM IN THE ILL-FATED ROLE OF KARMA.
Alfred Andriola
7-10
DON'T MOVE—ANYBODY! MY MEN WILL FIRE AT ANYONE WHO TRIES TO GET AWAY!
OH! OH! IS SHE—IS SHE—DYING?
IT'S NOT SERIOUS! JUST A FLESH WOUND IN THE SHOULDER! CALL THE STUDIO DOCTOR!
LINE UP—ALL OF YOU! GET BUSY, BOYS—AND GIVE 'EM ALL TH' ONCE OVER!
ME, TOO? YOU WANT TO SEARCH J.C. KORNWELLER, TOO?
ABSOLUTELY! I AINT PLAYIN' NO FAVORITES!
McNaught Syndicate, Inc.

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